

Quarterly Performance Summary As of March 31, 2022

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Goal Review

as of March 31, 2022

Goals:

The General investment objectives of the Board are as follows:

Establish a Prudent Investment Program

Although the Pension Fund is not covered by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA), the assets of this fund shall be invested in a manner consistent with the fiduciary standard set forth in ERISA, as though ERISA applied to the Pension Fund; namely, (1) in accordance with the safeguards and diversity a prudent investor would adhere (2) and all transactions undertaken on behalf of the Fund must be for the sole interest of Plan participants and their beneficiaries to provide benefits and pay the expenses of the Fund. The pension investment program must operate in compliance with all applicable State and Federal laws and regulations concerning the investment of pension assets.

Primary investment emphasis must be placed upon the consistent protection of the funds assets and growth performance, i.e., the achievement of adequate investment growth must not be at the expense of the protection of the assets over the investment horizon.

More specific investment objectives established by the Board include the following:

- The Fund should earn a return over time exceeding the assumed actuarial rate of return. In addition, the Fund should earn a return greater than inflation, as measured by the Consumer Price Index, by 4.0% per year. This is consistent with the Board's objective to enhance the purchasing power of the Funds.
- Individual investment managers will not be measured against the aggregate fund objective stated above. They will be compared to appropriate market indices, and the performance of other managers who utilize a similar investment style.

(source: November 2018 IPS)



Timeline Review

as of March 31, 2022

Timeline:

- February 2022: International Value Manager Search
- November 2018: Investment Policy Statement
- August 2018:
 - · Replaced: Int'l Value Manager
 - Replaced a LCG Manager
 - Asset Allocation Study
- July 2018:
 - LCG Manager Search
 - Int'l Value Manager Search
- November 2017:
 - Removed: a Large-Cap Growth Manager
 - LCG Manager Search
- August 2017: LCG Manager Search
- June 2017: Added: Private Real Estate Fund
- November 2016:
 - Investment Policy Statement
 - Real Estate Fund Search
 - Asset Allocation Study
- February 2016:
 - Replaced: MCV Manager
 - SMID Value Manager Search
- May 2015: Asset Allocation Study
- April 2014: Replaced Fixed Income Manager
- March 2014:
 - · Added: Large-Cap Core Manager
 - Asset Allocation Study

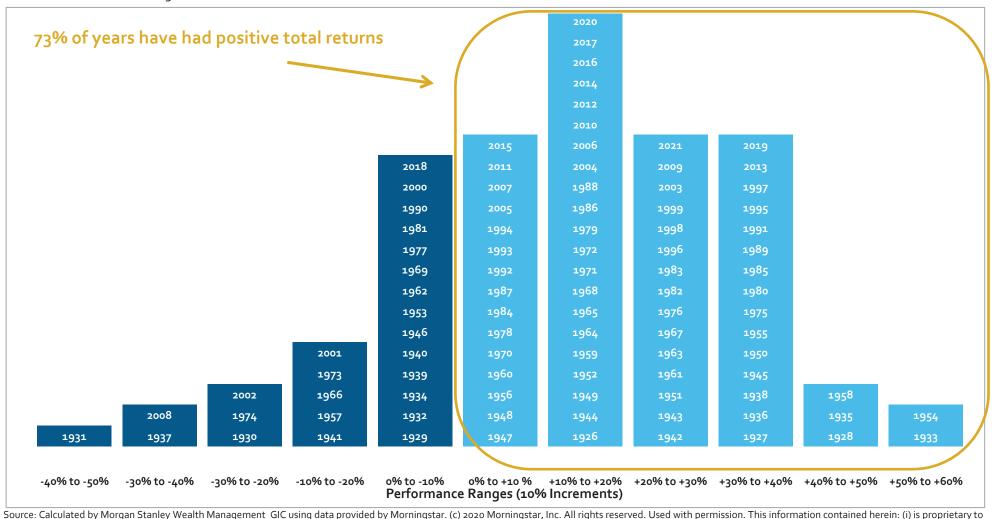
- February 2014: Fixed Income Manager Search
- November 2013: LCC Manager Search
- October 2012: LCG Manager Search
- August 2012: Replaced: LCV Manager
- July 2012: LCV Manager Search
- February 2012: Asset Allocation Study
- February 2010:
 - Added: Large-Cap Growth Manager
 - LCG Manager Search
- March 2009: Added: International Growth Manager
- September 2008: Added the following accounts:
 - Mid-Cap Value Manager
 - SMID Growth Manager
- · February 2017: Replaced: Int'l Value Manager
- · March 2007: Int'l Value Manager
- · March 2005: Replaced: LCG Manager
- March 2004: Added: Fixed Income Manager
- December 2001: Added the following accounts:
 - Large-Cap Value Manager
 - Large-Cap Growth Manager
 - International Value Manager
 - Cash Account



Equity Index Return Distribution

Distribution of S&P 500 Index Returns

Annual Data - December 1926 to December 2021



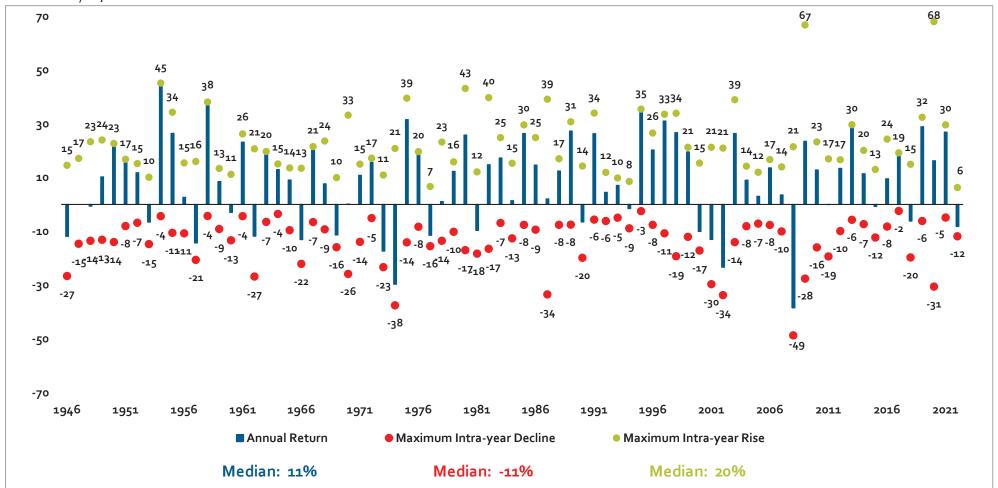
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Intra-Year Advances and Declines

S&P 500 Annual Returns and Intra-Year Draw Ups & Draw Downs

As of February 28, 2022



Source: Bloomberg, Morgan Stanley Wealth Management GIC. Intra-year declines are defined as the peak-to-trough decline during the year based on price return.

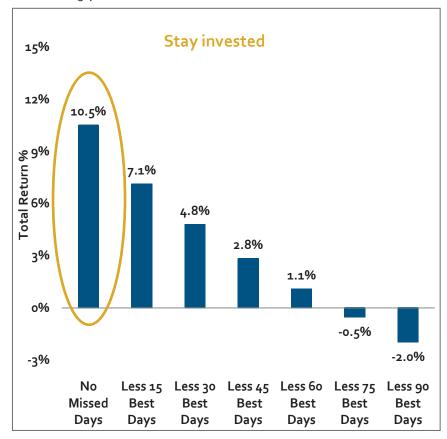
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Market Timing Is a Flawed and Costly Strategy

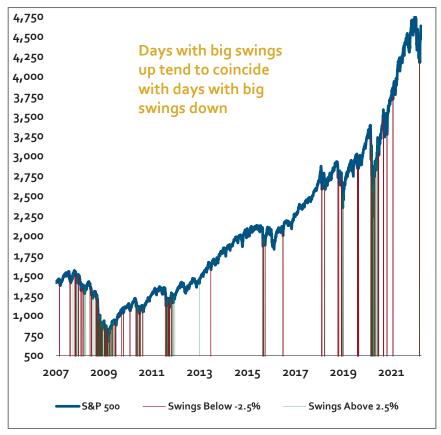
Annualized Total Returns of S&P 500 (1990-2022 YTD)

As of March 31, 2022



Days with Large Price Changes Tend to Cluster Together

As of March 31, 2022



Source: Bloomberg, FactSet, Morgan Stanley Wealth Management GIC. Note: Best days are defined as the days with the highest single-day returns in the S&P 500, Bloomberg.

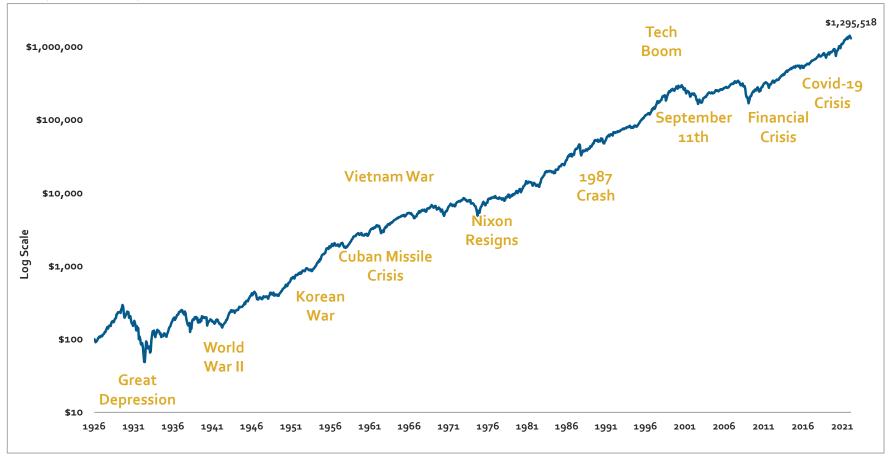
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Over the Long Term, S&P 500 Has Grown Despite Negative Events

S&P 500: Growth of \$100

January 1926 - February 2022

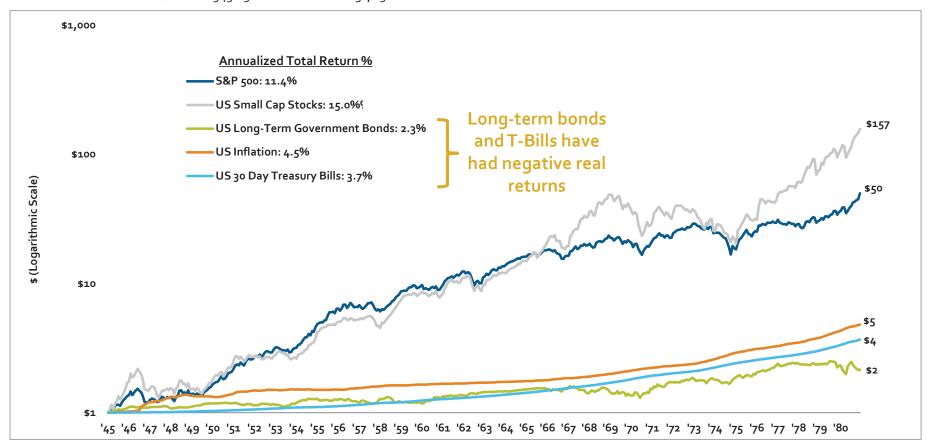


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Cumulative Performance in a Rising Rate Regime (1945-'80)

Cumulative Total Return of \$1 from 1945-1980 as of December 31, 1980



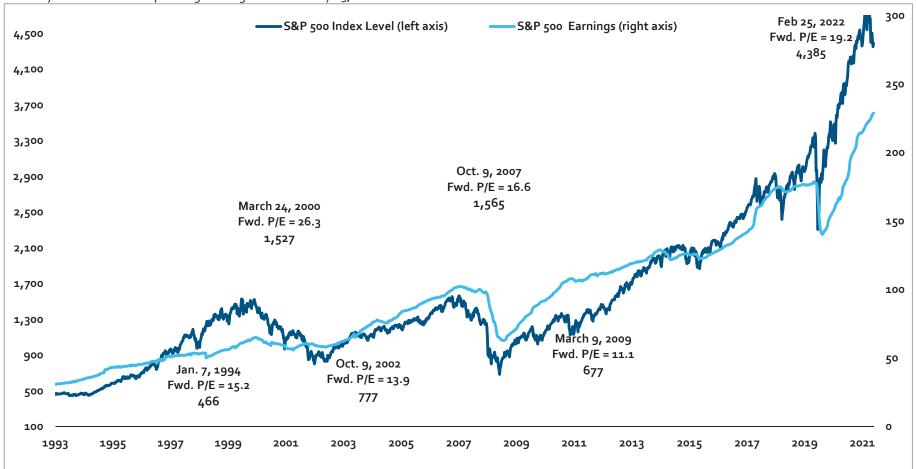
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US Equity Performance vs. Earnings Performance

S&P 500 Index Level Vs. S&P 500 Operating Earnings

Weekly Index Level and Operating Earnings as of February 25, 2022



Source: Bloomberg. Stocks Overvalued = equity performance outpaces earnings performance. Stocks Undervalued = earnings performance outpaces equity performance. Fairly Valued = stock performance and earnings performance are in line with one another.



US Equity Market Capitalization and Style Returns

Return as of February 28, 2022

2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022 YTD	10-Years ('12-'21) Ann.
Large-Cap Growth	Mid-Cap Value	Small-Cap Growth	Mid-Cap Value	Large-Cap Growth	Small-Cap Value	Large-Cap Growth	Large-Cap Growth	Large-Cap Growth	Large-Cap Growth	S&P 500	Large-Cap Value	Large-Cap Growth
2.6%	18.5%	43.3%	14.7%	5.7%	31.7%	30.2%	-1.5%	36.4%	38.5%	28.7%	-3.5%	19.8%
S&P 500	Small-Cap Value	Mid-Cap Growth	S&P 500	S&P 500	Mid-Cap Value	Mid-Cap Growth	S&P 500	Mid-Cap Growth	Mid-Cap Growth	Mid-Cap Value	Small-Cap Value	Mid-Cap Growth
2.1%	18.1%	35.7%	13.7%	1.4%	20.0%	25.3%	-4.4%	35.5%	35.6%	28.3%	-4.3%	16.6%
Large-Cap Value	Large-Cap Value	Small-Cap Value	Large-Cap Value	Mid-Cap Growth	Large-Cap Value	Small-Cap Growth	Mid-Cap Growth	S&P 500	Small-Cap Growth	Small-Cap Value	Mid-Cap Value	S&P 500
0.4%	17.5%	34.5%	13.5%	-0.2%	17.3%	22.2%	-4.8%	31.5%	34.6%	28.3%	-4.7%	16.6%
Mid-Cap Value	S&P 500	Large-Cap Growth	Large-Cap Growth	Small-Cap Growth	S&P 500	S&P 500	Large-Cap Value	Small-Cap Growth	S&P 500	Large-Cap Growth	S&P 500	Small-Cap Growth
-1.4%	16.0%	33.5%	13.0%	-1.4%	12.0%	21.8%	-8.3%	28.5%	18.4%	27.6%	-8.0%	14.1%
Mid-Cap Growth	Mid-Cap Growth	Mid-Cap Value	Mid-Cap Growth	Large-Cap Value	Small-Cap Growth	Large-Cap Value	Small-Cap Growth	Mid-Cap Value	Mid-Cap Value	Large-Cap Value	Large-Cap Growth	Mid-Cap Value
-1.7%	15.8%	33.5%	11.9%	-3.8%	11.3%	13.7%	-9.3%	27.1%	5.0%	25.2%	-12.5%	13.4%
Small-Cap Growth	Large-Cap Growth	Large-Cap Value	Small-Cap Growth	Mid-Cap Value	Mid-Cap Growth	Mid-Cap Value	Mid-Cap Value	Large-Cap Value	Large-Cap Value	Mid-Cap Growth	Small-Cap Growth	Large-Cap Value
-2.9%	15.3%	32.5%	5.6%	-4.8%	7.3%	13.3%	-12.3%	26.5%	2.8%	12.7%	-13.0%	13.0%
Small-Cap Value	Small-Cap Growth	S&P 500	Small-Cap Value	Small-Cap Value	Large-Cap Growth	Small-Cap Value	Small-Cap Value	Small-Cap Value	Small-Cap Value	Small-Cap Growth	Mid-Cap Growth	Small-Cap Value
-5.5%	14.6%	32.4%	4.2%	-7.5%	7.1%	7.8%	-12.9%	22.4%	4.6%	2.8%	-14.0%	12.0%

Source: FactSet, Morgan Stanley Wealth Management GIC. Indices used for this analysis include: Russell Midcap Value, Russell 2000 Value, Russell 1000 Value, Russell Midcap Growth, Russell 2000 Growth, Russell 1000 Growth, and S&P 500.



Current Indicators

Current Indicators: Growth

Atlanta Fed GDPNow Forecast As of April 8, 2022 1.06% 10% -10% -30% 2012 2014 2016 2018 2020 2022



As of February 28, 2022 9.49% 15% 5% (5%) (15%) (25%)



US Durable Goods Orders Ex-Transportation (Y/Y)

2013 2015 2017 2019 2021 (35%)

Imports — Exports 2009 2012 2015 2018 2021

(5%)

Source: Bloomberg, Haver Analytics, EvercoreISI Investor Surveys, Commitments of Traders (COT) Report, Morgan Stanley Wealth Management GIC

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US Real Imports and Exports (Y/Y, 3M Average)

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Electronic payments arrive to the payee within 1-2 business days, check payments arrive to the payee within 5 business days. Same-day and overnight payments are available for an additional fee within the available payment timeframes.

KEY ASSET CLASS CONSIDERATIONS AND OTHER RISKS

Investing in the markets entails the risk of market volatility. The value of all types of investments, including stocks, mutual funds, exchange-traded funds ("ETFs"), closed-end funds, and unit investment trusts, may increase or decrease over varying time periods. To the extent the investments depicted herein represent international securities, you should be aware that there may be additional risks associated with international investing, including foreign economic, political, monetary and/or legal factors, changing currency exchange rates, foreign taxes, and differences in financial and accounting standards. These risks may be magnified in emerging markets and frontier markets. Small- and mid-capitalization companies may lack the financial resources, product diversification and competitive strengths of larger companies. In addition, the securities of small- and mid-capitalization companies may not trade as readily as, and be subject to higher volatility than, those of larger, more established companies. The value of fixed income securities will fluctuate and, upon a sale, may be worth more or less than their original cost or maturity value. Bonds are subject to interest rate risk, call risk, reinvestment risk, liquidity risk, and credit risk of the issuer. High yield bonds are subject to additional risks such as increased risk of default and greater volatility because of the lower credit quality of the issues. In the case of municipal bonds, income is generally exempt from federal income taxes. Some income may be subject to state and local taxes and to the federal alternative minimum tax. Capital gains, if any, are subject to tax. Treasury Inflation Protection Securities' (TIPS) coupon payments and underlying principal are automatically increased to compensate for inflation by tracking the consumer price index (CPI). While the real rate of return is guaranteed, TIPS tend to offer a low return. Because the return of TIPS is linked to inflation, TIPS may significantly underperform versus conventional U.S. Treasuries in times of low inflation. There is no guarantee that investors will receive par if TIPS are sold prior to maturity. The returns on a portfolio consisting primarily of environmental, social, and governance-aware investments ("ESG") may be lower or higher than a portfolio that is more diversified or where decisions are based solely on investment considerations. Because ESG criteria exclude some investments, investors may not be able to take advantage of the same opportunities or market trends as investors that do not use such criteria. The companies identified and investment examples are for illustrative purposes only and should not be deemed a recommendation to purchase, hold or sell any securities or investment products. They are intended to demonstrate the approaches taken by managers who focus on ESG criteria in their investment strategy. There can be no guarantee that a client's account will be managed as described herein. Options and margin trading involve substantial risk and are not appropriate for all investors. Besides the general investment risk of holding securities that may decline in value and the possible loss of principal invested, closed-end funds may have additional risks related to declining market prices relative to net asset values (NAVs), active manager underperformance and potential leverage. Closed-end funds, unlike open-end funds, are not continuously offered. There is a one-time public offering and once issued, shares of closed-end funds are sold in the open market through a stock exchange. Shares of closed-end funds frequently trade at a discount from their NAV which may increase investors' risk of loss. The risk of loss due to this discount may be greater for investors expecting to sell their shares in a relatively short period after completion of the public offering. This characteristic is a risk separate and distinct from the risk that a closed-end fund's net asset value may decrease as a result of investment activities. NAV is total assets less total liabilities divided by the number of shares outstanding. At the time an investor purchases or sells shares of a closed-end fund, shares may have a market price that is above or below NAV. Portfolios that invest a large percentage of assets in only one industry sector (or in only a few sectors) are more vulnerable to price fluctuation than those that diversify among a broad range of sectors.

Alternative investments often are speculative and include a high degree of risk. Investors could lose all or a substantial amount of their investment. Alternative investments are appropriate only for eligible, long-term investors who are willing to forgo liquidity and put capital at risk for an indefinite period of time. They may be highly illiquid and can engage in leverage and other speculative practices that may increase the volatility and risk of loss. Alternative Investments typically have higher fees than traditional investments. Investors should carefully review and consider potential risks before investing. Certain of these risks may include but are not limited to: Loss of all or a substantial portion of the investment due to leveraging, short-selling, or other speculative practices; Lack of liquidity in that there may be no secondary market for a fund; Volatility of returns; Restrictions on transferring interests in a fund; Potential lack of diversification and resulting higher risk due to



concentration of trading authority when a single advisor is utilized; Absence of information regarding valuations and pricing; Complex tax structures and delays in tax reporting; Less regulation and higher fees than mutual funds; Risks associated with the operations, personnel, and processes of the manager; and Risks associated with cybersecurity. As a diversified global financial services firm, Morgan Stanley Wealth Management engages in a broad spectrum of activities including financial advisory services, investment management activities, sponsoring and managing private investment funds, engaging in broker-dealer transactions and principal securities, commodities and foreign exchange transactions, research publication, and other activities. In the ordinary course of its business, Morgan Stanley Wealth Management therefore engages in activities where Morgan Stanley Wealth Management's interests may conflict with the interests of its clients, including the private investment funds it manages. Morgan Stanley Wealth Management can give no assurance that conflicts of interest will be resolved in favor of its clients or any such fund. All expressions of opinion are subject to change without notice and are not intended to be a forecast of future events or results. Further, opinions expressed herein may differ from the opinions expressed by Morgan Stanley Wealth Management and/or other businesses/affiliates of Morgan Stanley Wealth Management. This is not a "research report" as defined by FINRA Rule 2241 or a "debt research report" as defined by FINRA Rule 2242 and was not prepared by the Research Departments of Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC or Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC or its affiliates. Certain information contained herein may constitute forward-looking statements. Due to various risks and uncertainties, actual events, results or the performance of a fund may differ materially from those reflected or contemplated in such forward-looking statements. Clients should carefully consider the investment objectives, risks, charges, and expenses of a fund before investing. While the HFRI indices are frequently used, they have limitations (some of which are typical of other widely used indices). These limitations include survivorship bias (the returns of the indices may not be representative of all the hedge funds in the universe because of the tendency of lower performing funds to leave the index); heterogeneity (not all hedge funds are alike or comparable to one another, and the index may not accurately reflect the performance of a described style); and limited data (many hedge funds do not report to indices, and the index may omit funds, the inclusion of which might significantly affect the performance shown. The HFRI indices are based on information self-reported by hedge fund managers that decide on their own, at any time, whether or not they want to provide, or continue to provide, information to HFR Asset Management, L.L.C. Results for funds that go out of business are included in the index until the date that they cease operations. Therefore, these indices may not be complete or accurate representations of the hedge fund universe, and may be biased in several ways. Composite index results are shown for illustrative purposes and do not represent the performance of a specific investment. Individual funds have specific tax risks related to their investment programs that will vary from fund to fund. Clients should consult their own tax and legal advisors as Morgan Stanley Wealth Management does not provide tax or legal advice. Interests in alternative investment products are offered pursuant to the terms of the applicable offering memorandum, are distributed by Morgan Stanley Wealth Management and certain of its affiliates, and (1) are not FDIC-insured, (2) are not deposits or other obligations of Morgan Stanley Wealth Management or any of its affiliates, (3) are not guaranteed by Morgan Stanley Wealth Management and its affiliates, and (4) involve investment risks, including possible loss of principal. Morgan Stanley Wealth Management is a registered broker-dealer, not a bank. 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Investment products in this category may employ various investment strategies and techniques for both hedging and more speculative purposes such as short -selling, leverage, derivatives and options, which can increase volatility and the risk of investment loss. Alternative investments are not appropriate for all investors. As a diversified global financial services firm, Morgan Stanley Wealth Management engages in a broad spectrum of activities including financial advisory services, investment management activities, sponsoring and managing private investment funds, engaging in broker-dealer transactions and principal securities, commodities and foreign exchange transactions, research publication, and other activities. In the ordinary course of its business, Morgan Stanley Wealth Management therefore engages in activities where Morgan Stanley Wealth Management's interests may conflict with the interests of its clients, including the private investment funds it manages. Morgan Stanley Wealth Management can give no assurance that conflicts of interest will be resolved in favor of its clients or any such fund. Alternative investments involve complex tax structures, tax inefficient investing, and delays in distributing important tax information. Individual funds have specific risks related to their investment programs that will vary from fund to fund.

Clients should consult their own tax and legal advisors as Morgan Stanley Wealth Management does not provide tax or legal advice.

A majority of Alternative Investment managers reviewed and selected by GIMA pay or cause to be paid an ongoing fee for distribution from their management fees to Morgan Stanley Wealth Management in connection with Morgan Stanley Wealth Management clients that purchase an interest in an Alternative Investment and in some instances pay these fees on the investments held by investments held by brokerage clients. Morgan Stanley Wealth Management has a conflict of interest in offering alternative investments because Morgan Stanley Wealth Management or our affiliates, in most instances, earn more money in your account from your investments in alternative investments than from other investment options.

It should be noted that the majority of hedge fund indexes are comprised of hedge fund manager returns. This is in contrast to traditional indexes, which are comprised of individual securities in the various market segments they represent and offer complete transparency as to membership and construction methodology. As such, some believe that hedge fund index returns have certain biases that are not present in traditional indexes. Some of these biases inflate index performance, while others may skew performance negatively. However, many studies indicate that overall hedge fund index performance has been biased to the upside. Some studies suggest performance has been inflated by up to 260 basis points or more annually depending on the types of biases included and the time period studied. Although there are numerous potential biases that could affect hedge fund returns, we identify some of the more common ones throughout this paper.

Self-selection bias results when certain manager returns are not included in the index returns and may result in performance being skewed up or down. Because hedge funds are private placements, hedge fund managers are able to decide which fund returns they want to report and are able to opt out of reporting to the various databases. Certain hedge fund managers may choose only to report returns for funds with strong returns and opt out of reporting returns for weak performers. Other hedge funds that close may decide to stop reporting in order to retain secrecy, which may cause a downward bias in returns.

Survivorship bias results when certain constituents are removed from an index. This often results from the closure of funds due to poor performance, "blow ups," or other such events. As such, this bias typically results in performance being skewed higher. As noted, hedge fund index performance biases can result in positive or negative skew. However, it would appear that the skew is more often positive. While it is difficult to quantify the effects precisely, investors should be aware that idiosyncratic factors may be giving hedge fund index returns an artificial "lift" or upwards bias.

Hedge Funds of Funds and many funds of funds are private investment vehicles restricted to certain qualified private and institutional investors. They are often speculative and include a high degree of risk. Investors can lose all or a substantial amount of their investment. They may be highly illiquid, can engage in leverage and other speculative practices that may increase volatility and the risk of loss, and may be subject to large investment minimums and initial lockups. They involve complex tax structures, tax-inefficient investing and delays in distributing important tax information. Categorically, hedge funds and funds of funds have higher fees and expenses than traditional investments, and such fees and expenses can lower the returns achieved by investors. Funds of funds have an additional layer of fees over and above hedge fund fees that will offset returns. An investment in an **exchange-traded fund** involves risks similar to those of investing in a broadly based portfolio of equity securities traded on an exchange in the relevant securities market, such as market fluctuations caused by such factors as economic and political developments, changes in interest rates and perceived trends in stock and bond prices. An investment in a **target date portfolio** is subject to the risks attendant to the underlying funds in which it invests, in these portfolios the funds are the Consulting Group Capital Market funds. A target date portfolio is geared to investors who will retire and/or require income at an approximate year. The portfolio is managed to meet the investor's goals by the pre-established year or "target date." A target date portfolio will transition its invested assets from a more aggressive portfolio to a more conservative portfolio as the target date draws closer. An investment in the target date, portfolio is not guaranteed at any time, including, before or after the target date is reached. **Managed futures** investments are speculative, involve a high degree of risk, use significant leverage, are ge

Virtual Currency Products (Cryptocurrencies)

Buying, selling, and transacting in Bitcoin, Ethereum or other digital assets ("Digital Assets"), and related funds and products, is highly speculative and may result in a loss of the entire investment. Risks and considerations include but are not limited to:

- Digital Assets have only been in existence for a short period of time and historical trading prices for Digital Assets have been highly volatile. The price of Digital Assets could decline rapidly, and investors could lose their entire investment.
- Certain Digital Asset funds and products, allow investors to invest on a more frequent basis than investors may withdraw from the fund or product, and interests in such funds or products are generally not freely transferrable. This means that, particularly given the volatility of Digital Assets, an investor will have to bear any losses with respect to its investment for an extended period of time and will not be able to react to changes in the price of the Digital Asset once invested (for example, by seeking to withdraw) as quickly as when making the decision to invest. Such Digital Asset funds and products, are intended only for persons who are able to bear the economic risk of investment and who do not need liquidity with respect to their investments.
- Given the volatility in the price of Digital Assets, the net asset value of a fund or product that invests in such assets at the time an investor's subscription for interests in the fund or product is accepted may be significantly below or above the net asset value of the product or fund at the time the investor submitted subscription materials.
- Certain Digital Assets are not intended to function as currencies but are intended to have other use cases. These other Digital Assets may be subject to some or all of the risks and considerations set forth herein, as well as additional risks applicable to such Digital Assets. Buyers, sellers and users of such Digital Assets should thoroughly familiarize themselves with such risks and considerations before transacting in such Digital Assets.
- The value of Digital Assets may be negatively impacted by future legal and regulatory developments, including but not limited to increased regulation of such Digital Assets. Any such developments



may make such Digital Assets less valuable, impose additional burdens and expenses on a fund or product investing in such assets or impact the ability of such a fund or product to continue to operate, which may materially decrease the value of an investment therein.

- Due to the new and evolving nature of digital currencies and the absence of comprehensive guidance, many significant aspects of the tax treatment of Digital Assets are uncertain. Prospective investors should consult their own tax advisors concerning the tax consequences to them of the purchase, ownership and disposition of Digital Assets, directly or indirectly through a fund or product, under U.S. federal income tax law, as well as the tax law of any relevant state, local or other jurisdiction.
- Over the past several years, certain Digital Asset exchanges have experienced failures or interruptions in service due to fraud, security breaches, operational problems or business failure. Such events in the future could impact any fund's or product's ability to transact in Digital Assets if the fund or product relies on an impacted exchange and may also materially decrease the price of Digital Assets, thereby impacting the value of your investment, regardless of whether the fund or product relies on such an impacted exchange.
- Although any Digital Asset product and its service providers have in place significant safeguards against loss, theft, destruction and inaccessibility, there is nonetheless a risk that some or all of a product's Digital Asset could be permanently lost, stolen, destroyed or inaccessible by virtue of, among other things, the loss or theft of the "private keys" necessary to access a product's Digital Asset.
- Investors in funds or products investing or transacting in Digital Assets may not benefit to the same extent (or at all) from "airdrops" with respect to, or "forks" in, a Digital Asset's blockchain, compared to investors who hold Digital Assets directly instead of through a fund or product. Additionally, a "fork" in the Digital Asset blockchain could materially decrease the price of such Digital Asset.
- Digital Assets are not legal tender, and are not backed by any government, corporation or other identified body, other than with respect to certain digital currencies that certain governments are or may be developing now or in the future. No law requires companies or individuals to accept digital currency as a form of payment (except, potentially, with respect to digital currencies developed by certain governments where such acceptance may be mandated). Instead, other than as described in the preceding sentences, Digital Asset products' use is limited to businesses and individuals that are willing to accept them. If no one were to accept digital currencies, virtual currency products would very likely become worthless.
- Platforms that buy and sell Digital Assets can be hacked, and some have failed. In addition, like the platforms themselves, digital wallets can be hacked, and are subject to theft and fraud. As a result, like other investors have, you can lose some or all of your holdings of Digital Assets.
- Unlike US banks and credit unions that provide certain guarantees of safety to depositors, there are no such safeguards provided to Digital Assets held in digital wallets by their providers or by regulators.
- Due to the anonymity Digital Assets offer, they have known use in illegal activity, including drug dealing, money laundering, human trafficking, sanction evasion and other forms of illegal commerce. Abuses could impact legitimate consumers and speculators; for instance, law enforcement agencies could shut down or restrict the use of platforms and exchanges, limiting or shutting off entirely the ability to use or trade Digital Asset products.
- Digital Assets may not have an established track record of credibility and trust. Further, any performance data relating to Digital Asset products may not be verifiable as pricing models are not uniform.
- Investors should be aware of the potentially increased risks of transacting in Digital Assets relating to the risks and considerations, including fraud, theft, and lack of legitimacy, and other aspects and qualities of Digital Assets, before transacting in such assets.
- The exchange rate of virtual currency products versus the USD historically has been very volatile and the exchange rate could drastically decline. For example, the exchange rate of certain Digital Assets versus the USD has in the past dropped more than 50% in a single day. Other Digital Assets may be affected by such volatility as well.
- Digital Asset exchanges have limited operating and performance histories and are not regulated with the same controls or customer protections available to more traditional exchanges transacting equity, debt, and other assets and securities. There is no assurance that a person/exchange who currently accepts a Digital Asset as payment will continue to do so in the future.



- The regulatory framework of Digital Assets is evolving, and in some cases is uncertain, and Digital Assets themselves may not be governed and protected by applicable securities regulators and securities laws, including, but not limited to, Securities Investor Protection Corporation coverage, or other regulatory regimes.
- Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC or its affiliates (collectively, "Morgan Stanley") may currently, or in the future, offer or invest in Digital Asset products, services or platforms. The proprietary interests of Morgan Stanley may conflict with your interests.
- The foregoing list of considerations and risks are not and do not purport to be a complete enumeration or explanation of the risks involved in an investment in any product or fund investing or trading in Digital Assets.

Asset allocation and diversification do not assure a profit or protect against loss in declining financial markets. Past performance is no quarantee of future results. Actual results may vary.

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Annuities and insurance products are offered in conjunction with Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC's licensed insurance agency affiliates.

Indices are unmanaged and investors cannot directly invest in them. They are not subject to expenses or fees and are often comprised of securities and other investment instruments the liquidity of which is not restricted. A particular investment product may consist of securities significantly different than those in any index referred to herein. Composite index results are shown for illustrative purposes only, generally do not represent the performance of a specific investment, may not, for a variety of reasons, be an appropriate comparison or benchmark for a particular investment and may not necessarily reflect the actual investment strategy or objective of a particular investment. Consequently, comparing an investment to a particular index may be of limited use.

This material is not a financial plan and does not create an investment advisory relationship between you and your Morgan Stanley Financial Advisor. We are not your fiduciary either under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA) or the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, and any information in this report is not intended to form the primary basis for any investment decision by you, or an investment advice or recommendation for either ERISA or Internal Revenue Code purposes. Morgan Stanley Private Wealth Management will only prepare a financial plan at your specific request using Private Wealth Management approved financial planning signature.

We may act in the capacity of a broker or that of an advisor. As your broker, we are not your fiduciary and our interests may not always be identical to yours. Please consult with your Private Wealth Advisor to discuss our obligations to disclose to you any conflicts we may from time to time have and our duty to act in your best interest. We may be paid both by you and by others who compensate us based on what you buy. Our compensation, including that of your Private Wealth Advisor, may vary by product and over time.

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For index, indicator and survey definitions referenced in this report please visit the following: https://www.morganstanley.com/wealth-investmentsolutions/wmir-definitions

GLOBAL INVESTMENT COMMITTEE (GIC) ASSET ALLOCATION MODELS: The Asset Allocation Models are created by Morgan Stanley Wealth Management's GIC.

HYPOTHETICAL MODEL PERFORMANCE (GROSS): Hypothetical model performance results do not reflect the investment or performance of an actual portfolio following a GIC Strategy, but simply reflect actual historical performance of selected indices on a real-time basis over the specified period of time representing the GIC's strategic and tactical allocations as of the date of this report. The past performance shown here is simulated performance based on benchmark indices, not investment results from an actual portfolio or actual trading. There can be large differences between hypothetical and actual performance results achieved by a particular asset allocation or trading strategy. Hypothetical performance results do not represent actual trading and are generally designed with the benefit of hindsight. Actual performance results of accounts vary due to, for example, market factors (such as liquidity) and client-specific factors (such as investment vehicle selection, timing of contributions and withdrawals, restrictions and rebalancing schedules). Clients would not necessarily have obtained the performance results shown here if they had invested in accordance with any GIC Asset Allocation Model for the periods indicated. Despite the limitations of hypothetical performance, these hypothetical performance results allow clients and Financial Advisors to obtain a sense



of the risk/return trade-off of different asset allocation constructs. The hypothetical performance results in this report are calculated using the returns of benchmark indices for the asset classes, and not the returns of securities, fund or other investment products. Models may contain allocations to Hedge Funds, Private Equity and Private Real Estate. The benchmark indices for these asset classes are not issued on a daily basis. When calculating model performance on a day for which no benchmark index data is issued, we have assumed straight line growth between the index levels issued before and after that date.

FEES REDUCE THE PERFORMANCE OF ACTUAL ACCOUNTS: None of the fees or other expenses (e.g. commissions, mark-ups, mark-downs, fees) associated with actual trading or accounts are reflected in the GIC Asset Allocation Models. The GIC Asset Allocation Models and any model performance included in this presentation are intended as educational materials. Were a client to use these models in connection with investing, any investment decisions made would be subject to transaction and other costs which, when compounded over a period of years, would decrease returns. Information regarding Morgan Stanley's standard advisory fees is available in the Form ADV Part 2, which is available at www.morganstanley.com/adv. The following hypothetical illustrates the compound effect fees have on investment returns: For example, if a portfolio's annual rate of return is 15% for 5 years and the account pays 50 basis points in fees per annum, the gross cumulative five-year return would be 101.1% and the five-year return net of fees would be 96.8%. Fees and/or expenses would apply to clients who invest in investments in an account based on these asset allocations, and would reduce clients' returns. The impact of fees and/or expenses can be material.

Variable annuities are long-term investments designed for retirement purposes and may be subject to market fluctuations, investment risk, and possible loss of principal. All guarantees, including optional benefits, are based on the financial strength and claims-paying ability of the issuing insurance company and do not apply to the underlying investment options. Optional riders may not be able to be purchased in combination and are available at an additional cost. Some optional riders must be elected at time of purchase. Optional riders may be subject to specific limitations, restrictions, holding periods, costs, and expenses as specified by the insurance company in the annuity contract. If you are investing in a variable annuity through a tax-advantaged retirement plan such as an IRA, you will get no additional tax advantage from the variable annuity. Under these circumstances, you should only consider buying a variable annuity because of its other features, such as lifetime income payments and death benefits protection. Taxable distributions (and certain deemed distributions) are subject to ordinary income tax and, if taken prior to age 59½, may be subject to a 10% federal income tax penalty. Early withdrawals will reduce the death benefit and cash surrender value.

Equity securities may fluctuate in response to news on companies, industries, market conditions and general economic environment. **Ultrashort-term fixed income** asset class is comprised of fixed income securities with high quality, very short maturities. They are therefore subject to the risks associated with debt securities such as credit and interest rate risk.

Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs) are limited partnerships or limited liability companies that are taxed as partnerships and whose interests (limited partnership units or limited liability company units) are traded on securities exchanges like shares of common stock. Currently, most MLPs operate in the energy, natural resources or real estate sectors. Investments in MLP interests are subject to the risks generally applicable to companies in the energy and natural resources sectors, including commodity pricing risk, supply and demand risk, depletion risk and exploration risk. Individual MLPs are publicly traded partnerships that have unique risks related to their structure. These include, but are not limited to, their reliance on the capital markets to fund growth, adverse ruling on the current tax treatment of distributions (typically mostly tax deferred), and commodity volume risk. The potential tax benefits from investing in MLPs depend on their being treated as partnerships for federal income tax purposes and, if the MLP is deemed to be a corporation, then its income would be subject to federal taxation at the entity level, reducing the amount of cash available for distribution to the fund which could result in a reduction of the fund's value. MLPs carry interest rate risk and may underperform in a rising interest rate environment. MLP funds accrue deferred income taxes for future tax liabilities associated with the portion of MLP distributions considered to be a tax-deferred return of capital and for any net operating gains as well as capital appreciation of its investments; this deferred tax liability is reflected in the daily NAV, and, as a result, the MLP fund's after-tax performance could differ significantly from the underlying assets even if the pre-tax performance is closely tracked.

Investing in commodities entails significant risks. Commodity prices may be affected by a variety of factors at any time, including but not limited to, (i) changes in supply and demand relationships, (ii) governmental programs and policies, (iii) national and international political and economic events, war and terrorist events, (iv) changes in interest and exchange rates, (v) trading activities in commodities and related contracts, (vi) pestilence, technological change and weather, and (vii) the price volatility of a commodity. In addition, the commodities markets are subject to temporary distortions or other disruptions due to various factors, including lack of liquidity, participation of speculators and government intervention. Physical precious metals are non-regulated products. Precious metals are speculative investments, which may experience short-term and long term price volatility. The value of precious metals investments may fluctuate and may appreciate or decline, depending on market conditions. Unlike bonds and stocks, precious metals do not make interest or dividend payments. Therefore, precious metals may not be appropriate for investors who require current income. Precious metals are commodities that should be safely stored, which may impose additional costs on the investor.

REITs investing risks are similar to those associated with direct investments in real estate: property value fluctuations, lack of liquidity, limited diversification and sensitivity to economic factors such as interest rate changes and market recessions. Risks of **private real estate** include: illiquidity; a long-term investment horizon with a limited or nonexistent secondary market: lack of transparency:



sectors and companies.

volatility (risk of loss); and leverage. Principal is returned on a monthly basis over the life of a mortgage-backed security. Principal prepayment can significantly affect the monthly income stream and the maturity of any type of MBS, including standard MBS, CMOs and Lottery Bonds. Asset-backed securities generally decrease in value as a result of interest rate increases, but may benefit less than other fixed-income securities from declining interest rates, principally because of prepayments.

Yields are subject to change with economic conditions. Yield is only one factor that should be considered when making an investment decision. Credit ratings are subject to change. Duration, the most commonly used measure of bond risk, quantifies the effect of changes in interest rates on the price of a bond or bond portfolio. The longer the duration, the more sensitive the bond or portfolio would be to changes in interest rates. The majority of \$25 and \$1000 par preferred securities are "callable" meaning that the issuer may retire the securities at specific prices and dates prior to maturity. Interest/dividend payments on certain preferred issues may be deferred by the issuer for periods of up to 5 to 10 years, depending on the particular issue. The investor would still have income tax liability even though payments would not have been received. Price quoted is per \$25 or \$1,000 share, unless otherwise specified. Current yield is calculated by multiplying the coupon by par value divided by the market price. The initial interest rate on a floating-rate security may be lower than that of a fixed-rate security of the same maturity because investors expect to receive additional income due to future increases in the floating security's underlying reference rate. The reference rate could be an index or an interest rate. However, there can be no assurance that the reference rate will increase. Some floating-rate securities may be subject to call risk. The market value of convertible bonds and the underlying common stock(s) will fluctuate and after purchase may be worth more or less than original cost. If sold prior to maturity, investors may receive more or less than their original purchase price or maturity value, depending on market conditions. Callable bonds may be redeemed by the issuer prior to maturity. Additional call features may exist that could affect yield. Some \$25 or \$1000 par preferred securities are QDI (Qualified Dividend Income) eligible. Information on QDI eligibility is obtained from third party so

Nondiversification: For a portfolio that holds a concentrated or limited number of securities, a decline in the value of these investments would cause the portfolio's overall value to decline to a greater degree than a less concentrated portfolio. The **indices selected by Morgan Stanley Wealth Management** to measure performance are representative of broad asset classes. Morgan Stanley Wealth Management retains the right to change representative indices at any time. Because of their narrow focus, **sector investments** tend to be more volatile than investments that diversify across many

Growth investing does not guarantee a profit or eliminate risk. The stocks of these companies can have relatively high valuations. Because of these high valuations, an investment in a growth stock can be more risky than an investment in a company with more modest growth expectations. Value investing does not guarantee a profit or eliminate risk. Not all companies whose stocks are considered to be value stocks are able to turn their business around or successfully employ corrective strategies which would result in stock prices that do not rise as initially expected. Any type of continuous or periodic investment plan does not assure a profit and does not protect against loss in declining markets. Since such a plan involves continuous investment in securities regardless of fluctuating price levels of such securities, the investor should consider his financial ability to continue his purchases through periods of low price levels.

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Capital Markets Returns

U.S. Equity Market % Returns for the Period Ending March 31, 2022											
	Quarter to Date	Year to Date	12 Months	Three Years (annualized)	Five Years (annualized)	Seven Years (annualized)					
S&P 500 Index	(4.60)	(4.60)	15.64	18.92	15.99	14.01					
Dow Jones Industrial Average	(4.10)	(4.10)	7.11	12.57	13.40	12.60					
Russell 3000 Index	(5.28)	(5.28)	11.92	18.24	15.40	13.37					
Russell 3000 Value Index	(0.85)	(0.85)	11.10	12.99	10.16	9.66					
Russell 3000 Growth Index	(9.25)	(9.25)	12.86	22.68	20.16	16.72					
Russell 1000 Index	(5.13)	(5.13)	13.27	18.71	15.82	13.72					
Russell 1000 Value Index	(0.74)	(0.74)	11.67	13.02	10.29	9.73					
Russell 1000 Growth Index	(9.04)	(9.04)	14.98	23.60	20.88	17.34					
Russell Midcap Index	(5.68)	(5.68)	6.92	14.89	12.62	10.68					
Russell Midcap Value Index	(1.82)	(1.82)	11.45	13.68	9.99	9.30					
Russell Midcap Growth Index	(12.58)	(12.58)	(0.89)	14.81	15.11	11.89					
Russell 2000 Index	(7.53)	(7.53)	(5.79)	11.75	9.74	8.87					
Russell 2000 Value Index	(2.40)	(2.40)	3.32	12.73	8.57	8.77					
Russell 2000 Growth Index	(12.63)	(12.63)	(14.33)	9.88	10.33	8.52					

	Quarter to Date					
Energy	39.03	_				
Utilities	4.77					
Consumer Staples	(1.01)					
Financials	(1.48)					
Industrials	(2.36)					
Materials	(2.37)					
Health Care	(2.58)					
Real Estate	(6.22)					
Technology	(8.36)					
Consumer Discretionary	(9.03)					
Communication Services	(11.92)					

Capital Markets Returns

			U.S. Dollar					Local Currency	T	
	Quarter to Date	Year to Date	12 Months	3 Years	5 Years	Quarter to Date	Year to Date	12 Months	3 Years	5 Years
Regional and Other Multi-Country Indices										
MSCI EAFE	(5.91)	(5.91)	1.16	7.78	6.72	(3.60)	(3.60)	6.72	8.74	7.06
MSCI Europe	(7.37)	(7.37)	3.51	8.23	6.92	(5.22)	(5.22)	8.54	8.60	6.64
MSCI Far East	(5.74)	(5.74)	(6.75)	5.85	6.09	(1.44)	(1.44)	1.03	8.64	7.64
MSCI Pacific ex. Japan	3.77	3.77	3.83	6.87	6.72	1.75	1.75	5.00	5.66	6.90
MSCI The World	(5.04)	(5.04)	10.60	15.55	13.01	(4.52)	(4.52)	12.07	14.10	N/A
MSCI World ex. U.S.	(4.81)	(4.81)	3.04	8.55	7.14	(2.85)	(2.85)	8.07	9.24	7.37
National Indices										
MSCI Hong Kong	(1.82)	(1.82)	(12.04)	(1.59)	4.04	(1.40)	(1.40)	(11.43)	(1.65)	4.20
MSCI Ireland	(19.95)	(19.95)	(17.42)	7.58	3.51	(18.19)	(18.19)	(12.77)	7.91	4.29
MSCI Japan	(6.45)	(6.45)	(6.14)	7.22	6.48	(1.39)	(1.39)	3.10	10.57	8.32
MSCI Singapore	(1.71)	(1.71)	(4.80)	1.30	3.65	(1.30)	(1.30)	(3.82)	1.37	3.06

Emerging Markets Equity % Returns for the Period Ending March 31, 2022												
			U.S. Dollar			Local Currency						
	Quarter to Date	Year to Date	12 Months	3 Years	5 Years	Quarter to Date	Year to Date	12 Months	3 Years	5 Years		
Regional and Other Multi-Country Indices				•	•				·	·		
MSCI EM	(6.92)	(6.92)	(11.08)	5.31	6.35	(6.06)	(6.06)	(9.56)	6.64	7.88		
National Indices												
MSCI China	(14.19)	(14.19)	(32.47)	(2.88)	3.67	(13.91)	(13.91)	(32.38)	(3.25)	3.59		
MSCI Malaysia	1.95	1.95	1.48	(1.08)	1.05	2.90	2.90	2.91	(0.10)	0.02		
MSCI Taiwan	(6.53)	(6.53)	6.83	28.60	19.60	(3.20)	(3.20)	7.28	25.51	18.24		
MSCI Thailand	4.25	4.25	(1.28)	(2.31)	3.35	4.25	4.25	(1.28)	(2.31)	3.35		

Capital Markets Returns

Fixed Income % Returns for the Period Ending March 31, 2022												
	Quarter to Date	Year to Date	12 Months	Three Years (annualized)	Five Years (annualized)	Ten Years (annualized)						
U.S. Fixed Income												
90-Day T-Bills	0.03	0.03	0.06	0.76	1.09	0.60						
Barclays Aggregate	(5.93)	(5.93)	(4.15)	1.69	2.14	2.24						
Barclays Credit	(7.42)	(7.42)	(4.16)	2.81	3.18	3.44						
Barclays Govt/Credit	(6.33)	(6.33)	(3.85)	2.12	2.44	2.45						
Barclays Government	(5.53)	(5.53)	(3.69)	1.40	1.76	1.67						
Barclays High Yield	(4.82)	(4.82)	(0.66)	4.56	4.67	5.74						
Barclays Intermediate Govt/Credit	(4.51)	(4.51)	(4.10)	1.50	1.81	1.85						
Barclays Long Govt/Credit	(10.96)	(10.96)	(3.11)	4.23	4.60	4.72						
Barclays Mortgage Backed	(4.97)	(4.97)	(4.92)	0.56	1.36	1.70						
Barclays Municipal	(6.23)	(6.23)	(4.47)	1.53	2.52	2.88						
Global Fixed Income												
Merrill Lynch Global High Yield	(6.02)	(6.02)	(4.65)	3.20	3.88	5.09						
Barclays Global Treasury ex. US	(6.96)	(6.96)	(10.39)	(1.05)	0.85	(0.01)						
Barclays Capital Majors ex. U.S.	(7.17)	(7.17)	(10.30)	(1.71)	0.28	(0.61)						

Total Fund - Executive Summary

as of March 31, 2022

Manager Performance Chart 24.0 16.0 8.0 -8.0 -16.0 Current Fiscal 1 3 5 7 10 Since

Manager Annualized Performance

Ouarter

YTD

Year

	Current Quarter	Fiscal YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	7 Years	10 Years	Inception 01/01/2002
Total Fund	-3.95	0.23	5.11	10.03	8.72	7.46	7.56	6.73
Policy Index	-3.15	1.67	6.87	10.65	9.21	8.12	8.38	6.90
Differences	-0.80	-1.44	-1.76	-0.62	-0.49	-0.66	-0.82	-0.17

Years

Years

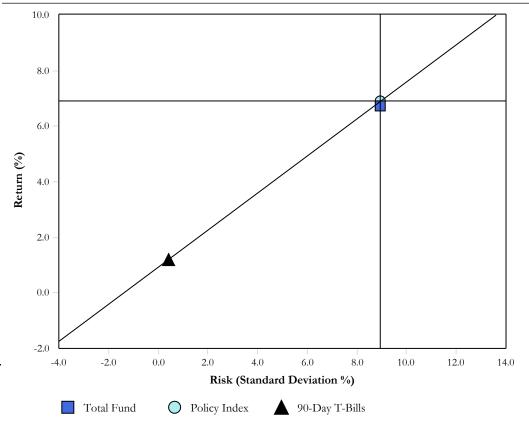
Years

Years Inception

Historic Asset Growth

	Current Quarter	Fiscal YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	7 Years	10 Years	Inception 01/01/2002
Total Fund								
Beginning Market Value	31,161	29,672	28,620	21,005	16,507	11,756	6,883	318
Net Contributions	158	410	187	2,309	4,672	8,275	11,358	16,204
Fees/Expenses	-60	-119	-234	-610	-917	-1,145	-1,399	-1,661
Income	94	200	425	1,239	1,937	2,408	2,924	3,606
Gain/Loss	-1,327	-136	1,030	6,085	7,829	8,734	10,261	11,560
Ending Market Value	30,027	30,027	30,027	30,027	30,027	30,027	30,027	30,027

Manager Risk & Return



	Return	Standard Deviation	Beta	Maximum Drawdown	Up Capture	Down Capture	Alpha	Sharpe Ratio	R-Squared	Inception Date
Total Fund	6.73	8.94	0.98	-30.98	99.64	101.21	-0.03	0.64	0.97	01/01/2002
Policy Index	6.90	8.95	1.00	-33.74	100.00	100.00	0.00	0.65	1.00	01/01/2002



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Asset Allocation & Time Weighted Performance

	Alloca	tion				P	erformance(0%)			
	Market Value (\$)	0/0	Current Quarter	Fiscal YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	7 Years	10 Years	Since Inception	Inception Date
Total Fund	30,027,416	100.00	-3.95	0.23	5.11	10.03	8.72	7.46	7.56	6.73	01/01/2002
Total Fund (net)			-4.14	-0.16	4.30	9.17	7.85	6.59	6.64	5.75	
Policy Index			-3.15	1.67	6.87	10.65	9.21	8.12	8.38	6.90	
Absolute Return 7.0%			1.70	3.44	6.99	6.99	6.99	6.99	6.99	6.99	
Domestic Equity											
BlackRock - Large Cap Value	5,131,463	17.09	1.10	6.99	11.28	14.11	11.67	11.11	N/A	11.85	09/01/2012
BlackRock - Large Cap Value (net)			0.92	6.61	10.48	13.28	10.84	10.25	N/A	10.94	
Russell 1000 Value			-0.74	6.98	11.67	13.02	10.29	9.73	N/A	12.12	
Clearbridge - Large Cap Growth	4,604,491	15.33	-11.56	-3.30	8.41	18.34	N/A	N/A	N/A	15.09	09/01/2018
Clearbridge - Large Cap Growth (net)			-11.72	-3.66	7.63	17.48	N/A	N/A	N/A	14.26	
Russell 1000 Gr			-9.04	1.54	14.98	23.60	N/A	N/A	N/A	18.80	
Connors - Large Cap Core	3,191,812	10.63	-2.98	6.03	14.27	15.46	12.81	11.39	N/A	11.47	04/01/2014
Connors - Large Cap Core (net)			-3.16	5.64	13.43	14.60	11.96	10.50	N/A	10.59	
60% S&P / 40% CBOE			-2.45	6.72	15.41	14.76	12.45	11.31	N/A	11.09	
Anchor - Mid Cap Value	1,868,747	6.22	-4.11	3.33	6.67	10.06	9.82	N/A	N/A	11.78	03/01/2016
Anchor - Mid Cap Value (net)			-4.29	2.95	5.88	9.23	8.98	N/A	N/A	10.93	
Russell Midcap Value			-1.82	6.56	11.45	13.68	9.99	N/A	N/A	13.03	
Allspring - SMID Cap Growth	1,253,620	4.17	-18.31	-21.75	-16.50	13.36	14.70	11.95	13.06	13.29	10/01/2008
Allspring - SMID Cap Growth (net)			-18.49	-22.09	-17.22	12.40	13.71	10.95	11.99	12.20	
Russell 2500 GR			-12.30	-12.13	-10.12	12.99	13.22	10.53	12.69	12.51	
International Equity											
Cambiar - International Value	1,318,768	4.39	-7.24	-7.86	-6.98	2.30	N/A	N/A	N/A	-0.06	09/01/2018
Cambiar - International Value (net)			-7.43	-8.23	-7.71	1.48	N/A	N/A	N/A	-0.84	
MSCI EAFE Net			-5.91	-3.38	1.16	7.78	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.58	
MSCI EAFE VL Net			0.33	1.51	3.55	5.24	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.56	

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Asset Allocation & Time Weighted Performance

	Alloca	tion				Po	erformance(2/6)			
	Market Value (\$)	%	Current Quarter	Fiscal YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	7 Years	10 Years	Since Inception	Inception Date
Harding Loevner - International Growth	1,371,554	4.57	-10.40	-6.35	-2.29	9.63	8.00	6.70	7.27	10.27	04/01/2009
Harding Loevner - International Growth (net)			-10.58	-6.72	-3.07	8.76	7.12	5.80	6.31	9.26	
MSCI AC World ex US Net			-5.44	-3.72	-1.48	7.51	6.76	5.19	5.55	8.53	
Fixed Income											
BlackRock - Short Duration	8,110,815	27.01	-2.06	-2.52	-2.23	1.06	1.29	1.15	N/A	1.12	05/01/2014
BlackRock - Short Duration (net)			-2.22	-2.84	-2.88	0.37	0.59	0.41	N/A	0.38	
Marco Island Fixed Index			-2.34	-2.86	-2.84	0.89	1.08	0.93	N/A	0.94	
Alternatives											
American Core Realty - Private Real Estate	2,623,561	8.74	8.51	18.12	28.91	11.29	N/A	N/A	N/A	10.16	07/01/2017
American Core Realty - Private Real Estate (net)			8.09	17.20	26.91	9.59	N/A	N/A	N/A	8.30	
NCREIF Property Idx			5.33	11.81	21.88	9.61	N/A	N/A	N/A	8.62	
Barclays Aggregate			-5.93	-5.92	-4.15	1.69	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.95	

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Asset Allocation & Dollar Weighted Performance (IRR)

	0/0	Current Quarter	Fiscal YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	7 Years	10 Years	Since Inception	Inception Date
Total Fund	100.00	-4.13	-0.18	4.27	9.17	7.93	7.00	6.95	6.76	12/31/2001
Domestic Equity										
BlackRock - Large Cap Value	17.09	0.92	6.61	10.54	13.57	11.26	11.26	N/A	11.90	08/31/2012
Clearbridge - Large Cap Growth	15.33	-11.72	-3.66	7.75	18.24	N/A	N/A	N/A	15.14	08/31/2018
Connors - Large Cap Core	10.63	-3.16	5.64	13.60	14.64	12.09	10.96	N/A	10.99	03/31/2014
Anchor - Mid Cap Value	6.22	-4.29	2.95	5.96	9.26	9.02	N/A	N/A	10.62	02/29/2016
Allspring - SMID Cap Growth	4.18	-18.49	-22.09	-16.81	16.41	16.27	13.14	13.81	14.38	09/30/2008
International Equity										
Cambiar - International Value	4.39	-7.43	-8.23	-7.72	1.54	N/A	N/A	N/A	-0.67	08/31/2018
Harding Loevner - International Growth	4.57	-10.58	-6.73	-2.83	8.97	6.73	6.12	6.43	7.83	03/31/2009
Fixed Income										
BlackRock - Short Duration	27.01	-2.22	-2.84	-2.88	0.02	0.31	0.21	N/A	0.20	04/30/2014
Alternatives										
American Core Realty - Private Real Estate	8.74	8.07	17.15	27.15	10.05	N/A	N/A	N/A	9.00	06/15/2017
Cash & Equivalents										
Cash	1.84	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.31	0.31	0.23	0.21	0.39	12/31/2001

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Asset Allocation Compliance

as of March 31, 2022

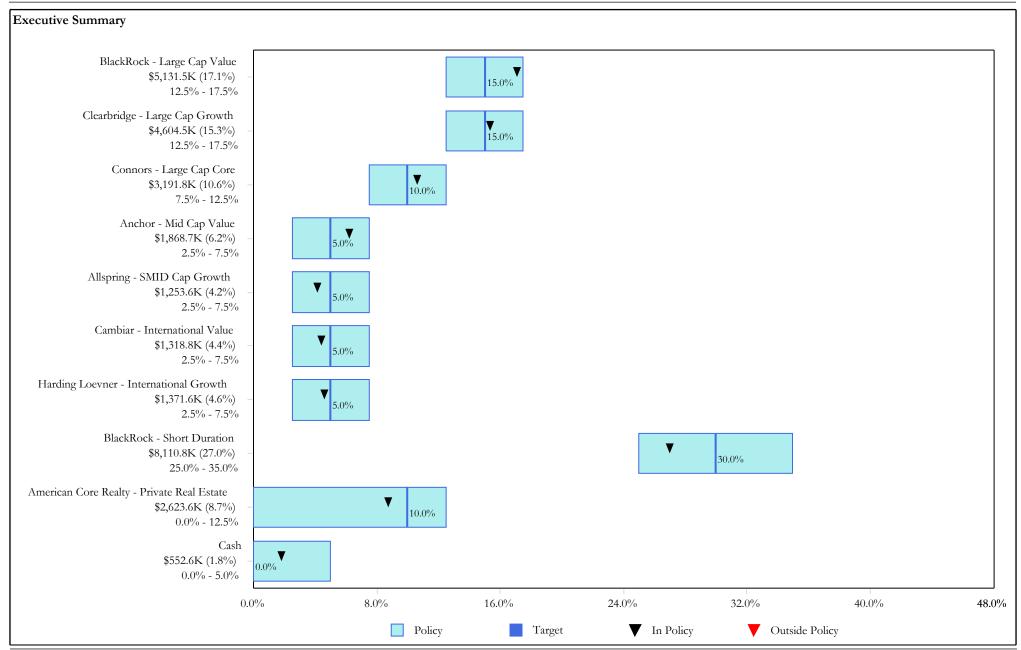


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Asset Allocation Compliance

as of March 31, 2022



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BlackRock - Large Cap Value - Executive Summary

as of March 31, 2022

Manager Performance Chart 24.0 16.0 Return 8.0 0.0 -8.0 Fiscal Current 3 Since

Manager Annualized Performance

Ouarter

YTD

	Current Quarter	Fiscal YTD					Inception 09/01/2012
BlackRock - Large Cap Value	1.10	6.99	11.28	14.11	11.67	11.11	11.85
Russell 1000 Value	-0.74	6.98	11.67	13.02	10.29	9.73	12.13
Differences	1.84	0.01	-0.39	1.09	1.38	1.38	-0.28

Year

Years

Years

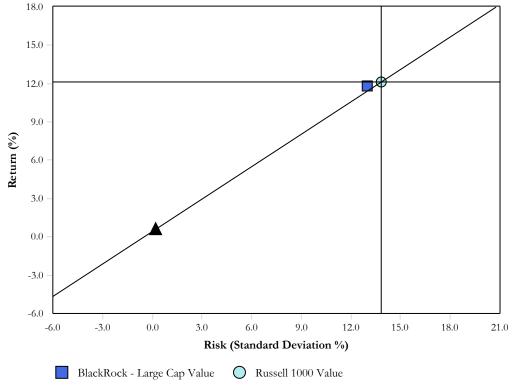
Years

Inception

Historic Asset Growth

	Current	Fiscal	1	3	5	7	Inception
	Quarter	YTD	Year	Years	Years	Years	09/01/2012
BlackRock - Large Cap Value							
Beginning Market Value	5,085	4,813	4,721	3,764	2,869	1,148	1,399
Net Contributions	-	-	-80	-265	156	1,426	692
Fees/Expenses	-9	-18	-36	-90	-139	-173	-208
Income	26	51	102	293	484	589	697
Gain/Loss	30	286	424	1,430	1,762	2,142	2,551
Ending Market Value	5,131	5,131	5,131	5,131	5,131	5,131	5,131

Manager Risk & Return



90-Day T-Bills

	Return	Standard Deviation	Beta	Maximum Drawdown	Up Capture	Down Capture	Alpha	Sharpe Ratio	R-Squared	Inception Date
BlackRock - Large Cap Value	11.85	12.99	0.92	-24.42	92.88	88.65	0.62	0.88	0.96	09/01/2012
Russell 1000 Value	12.13	13.81	1.00	-26.73	100.00	100.00	0.00	0.86	1.00	09/01/2012



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Clearbridge - LCG - Executive Summary

as of March 31, 2022

Manager Performance Chart 40.0 20.0 20.0 -20.0 Current Fiscal 1 3 Since Quarter YTD Year Years Inception

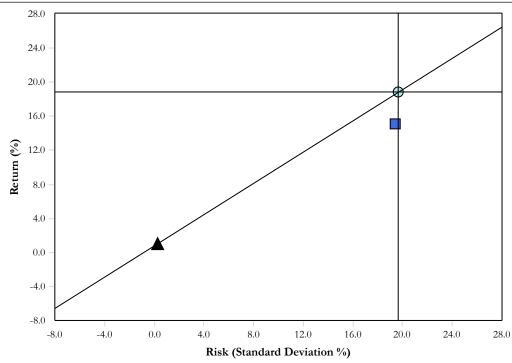
Manager Annualized Performance

	Current Quarter	Fiscal YTD	1 Year	3 Years	Inception 09/01/2018
Clearbridge - Large Cap Growth	-11.56	-3.30	8.41	18.34	15.09
Russell 1000 Gr	-9.04	1.54	14.98	23.60	18.81
Differences	-2.52	-4.84	-6.57	-5.26	-3.72

Historic Asset Growth

	Current Quarter	Fiscal YTD	1 Year	3 Years	Inception 09/01/2018
Clearbridge - Large Cap Growth					
Beginning Market Value	5,216	4,779	4,332	3,709	3,357
Net Contributions	-	-	-60	-1,135	-820
Fees/Expenses	-9	-18	-35	-93	-106
Income	6	12	27	98	127
Gain/Loss	-608	-169	340	2,026	2,046
Ending Market Value	4,604	4,604	4,604	4,604	4,604

Manager Risk & Return



Clearbridge - Large Cap Growth

Russell 1000 Gr

▲ 90-Day T-Bills

	Return	Standard Deviation	Beta	Maximum Drawdown	Up Capture	Down Capture	Alpha	Sharpe Ratio	R-Squared	Inception Date
Clearbridge - Large Cap Growth	15.09	19.38	0.97	-15.48	93.28	103.44	-2.73	0.77	0.98	09/01/2018
Russell 1000 Gr	18.81	19.67	1.00	-15.98	100.00	100.00	0.00	0.93	1.00	09/01/2018



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Connors - Large Cap Core - Executive Summary

as of March 31, 2022

Manager Performance Chart 20.0 20.0 10.0 Current Fiscal 1 3 5 7 Since

Manager Annualized Performance

Quarter

YTD

	Current Quarter	Fiscal YTD					Inception 04/01/2014
Connors - Large Cap Core	-2.98	6.03	14.27	15.46	12.81	11.39	11.47
60% S&P / 40% CBOE	-2.45	6.72	15.41	14.76	12.45	11.31	11.09
Differences	-0.53	-0.69	-1.14	0.70	0.36	0.08	0.38

Years

Years

Years

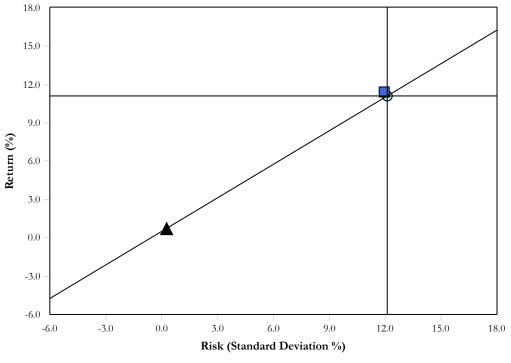
Inception

Year

Historic Asset Growth

Current Quarter	Fiscal YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	7 Years	Inception 04/01/2014
3,296	3,021	2,945	2,048	1,618	1,174	999
-	-	-138	42	187	418	477
-6	-12	-23	-59	-88	-112	-120
12	25	52	149	225	284	308
-110	157	356	1,011	1,250	1,428	1,528
3,192	3,192	3,192	3,192	3,192	3,192	3,192
	3,296 	Quarter YTD 3,296 3,021 - - -6 -12 12 25 -110 157	Quarter YTD Year 3,296 3,021 2,945 - - -138 -6 -12 -23 12 25 52 -110 157 356	Quarter YTD Year Years 3,296 3,021 2,945 2,048 - - -138 42 -6 -12 -23 -59 12 25 52 149 -110 157 356 1,011	Quarter YTD Year Years Years 3,296 3,021 2,945 2,048 1,618 - - -138 42 187 -6 -12 -23 -59 -88 12 25 52 149 225 -110 157 356 1,011 1,250	Quarter YTD Year Years Years Years Years 3,296 3,021 2,945 2,048 1,618 1,174 - - -138 42 187 418 -6 -12 -23 -59 -88 -112 12 25 52 149 225 284 -110 157 356 1,011 1,250 1,428

Manager Risk & Return



Connors - Large Cap Core

O 60% S&P / 40% CBOE

90-Day T-Bills

	Return	Standard Deviation	Beta	Maximum Drawdown	Up Capture	Down Capture	Alpha	Sharpe Ratio	R-Squared	Inception Date
Connors - Large Cap Core	11.47	11.93	0.96	-19.76	99.71	96.48	0.76	0.91	0.95	04/01/2014
60% S&P / 40% CBOE	11.09	12.09	1.00	-20.65	100.00	100.00	0.00	0.87	1.00	04/01/2014



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Anchor - Mid Cap Value - Executive Summary

as of March 31, 2022

Manager Performance Chart 30.0 20.0 10.0 0.0 -10.0 -20.0 3 5 Current Fiscal Since YTD Quarter Year Years Years Inception

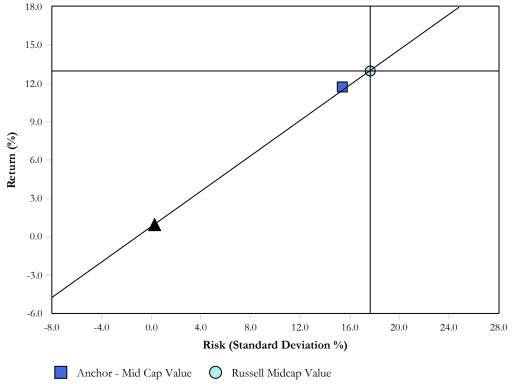
Manager Annualized Performance

	Current Quarter	Fiscal YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	Inception 03/01/2016
Anchor - Mid Cap Value	-4.11	3.33	6.67	10.06	9.82	11.78
Russell Midcap Value	-1.82	6.56	11.45	13.68	9.99	13.03
Differences	-2.29	-3.23	-4.78	-3.62	-0.17	-1.25

Historic Asset Growth

	Current Quarter	Fiscal YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	Inception 03/01/2016
Anchor - Mid Cap Value						
Beginning Market Value	1,952	1,815	1,803	1,054	810	629
Net Contributions	-	-	-40	430	520	557
Fees/Expenses	-4	-7	-14	-32	-46	-52
Income	5	12	22	59	96	111
Gain/Loss	-86	49	97	357	489	624
Ending Market Value	1,869	1,869	1,869	1,869	1,869	1,869

Manager Risk & Return



90-Day T-Bills

	Return	Standard Deviation	Beta	Maximum Drawdown	Up Capture	Down Capture	Alpha	Sharpe Ratio	R-Squared	Inception Date
Anchor - Mid Cap Value	11.78	15.35	0.84	-27.10	89.29	89.55	0.66	0.74	0.94	03/01/2016
Russell Midcap Value	13.03	17.63	1.00	-31.71	100.00	100.00	0.00	0.73	1.00	03/01/2016



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Allspring - SMID Cap Growth - Executive Summary

as of March 31, 2022

Manager Performance Chart 20.0 20.0 -20.0 -40.0 Current Fiscal 1 3 5 7 10 Since

Manager Annualized Performance

Ouarter

YTD

Year

	Current Quarter		1 Year					Inception 10/01/2008
Allspring - SMID Cap Growth	-18.31	-21.75	-16.50	13.36	14.70	11.95	13.06	13.29
Russell 2500 GR	-12.30	-12.13	-10.12	12.99	13.22	10.53	12.69	12.51
Differences	-6.01	-9.62	-6.38	0.37	1.48	1.42	0.37	0.78

Years

Years

Years

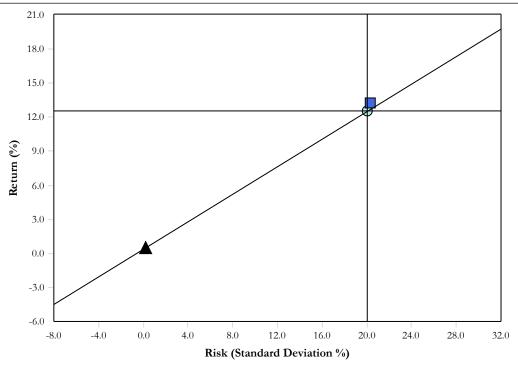
Years

Inception

Historic Asset Growth

	Current Quarter	Fiscal YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	7 Years	10 Years	Inception 10/01/2008
Allspring - SMID Cap Growth								
Beginning Market Value	1,538	1,609	1,600	1,081	835	617	373	168
Net Contributions	-	-	-90	-390	-424	-292	-259	-203
Fees/Expenses	-3	-6	-13	-37	-54	-67	-82	-90
Income	-	-	1	7	16	22	29	32
Gain/Loss	-282	-349	-244	592	881	974	1,193	1,346
Ending Market Value	1,254	1,254	1,254	1,254	1,254	1,254	1,254	1,254

Manager Risk & Return



Allspring - SMID Cap Growth

Russell 2500 GR

90-Day T-Bills

	Return	Standard Deviation	Beta	Maximum Drawdown	Up Capture	Down Capture	Alpha	Sharpe Ratio	R-Squared	Inception Date
Allspring - SMID Cap Growth	13.29	20.28	0.98	-37.54	99.78	95.90	1.07	0.70	0.93	10/01/2008
Russell 2500 GR	12.51	20.03	1.00	-37.99	100.00	100.00	0.00	0.67	1.00	10/01/2008



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Cambiar - International Value - Executive Summary

as of March 31, 2022

Manager Performance Chart 16.0 8.0 -8.0 -16.0 Current Fiscal 1 3 Since Quarter YTD Year Years Inception

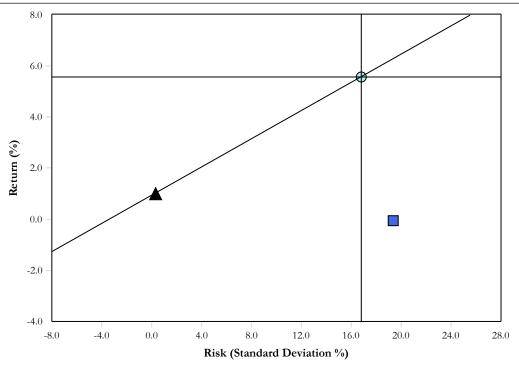
Manager Annualized Performance

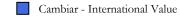
	Current Quarter	Fiscal YTD	1 Year	3 Years	Inception 09/01/2018
Cambiar - International Value	-7.24	-7.86	-6.98	2.30	-0.06
MSCI EAFE Net	-5.91	-3.38	1.16	7.78	5.58
Differences	-1.33	-4.48	-8.14	-5.48	-5.64

Historic Asset Growth

	Current Quarter	Fiscal YTD	1 Year	3 Years	Inception 09/01/2018
Cambiar - International Value	Quarter	112	1001	Tears	07, 01, 2010
Beginning Market Value	1,425	1,437	1,429	1,069	1,151
Net Contributions	-	-	-	196	196
Fees/Expenses	-3	-6	-11	-29	-33
Income	3	10	23	68	80
Gain/Loss	-106	-123	-122	14	-76
Ending Market Value	1,319	1,319	1,319	1,319	1,319

Manager Risk & Return







▲ 90-Day T-Bills

	Return	Standard Deviation	Beta	Maximum Drawdown	Up Capture	Down Capture	Alpha	Sharpe Ratio	R-Squared	Inception Date
Cambiar - International Value	-0.06	19.34	1.12	-27.42	97.82	122.96	-5.71	0.04	0.95	09/01/2018
MSCI EAFE Net	5.58	16.81	1.00	-22.83	100.00	100.00	0.00	0.35	1.00	09/01/2018



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Harding Loevner - International Growth - Executive Summary

as of March 31, 2022

-20.0

Manager Performance Chart 20.0 10.0 -10.0

Manager Annualized Performance

Current

Ouarter

Fiscal

YTD

Year

	Current Quarter	Fiscal YTD						Inception 04/01/2009
Harding Loevner - Intl Growth	-10.40	-6.35	-2.29	9.63	8.00	6.70	7.27	10.27
MSCI AC World ex US Net	-5.44	-3.72	-1.48	7.51	6.76	5.19	5.55	8.54
Differences	-4.96	-2.63	-0.81	2.12	1.24	1.51	1.72	1.73

3

Years

5

Years

Years

10

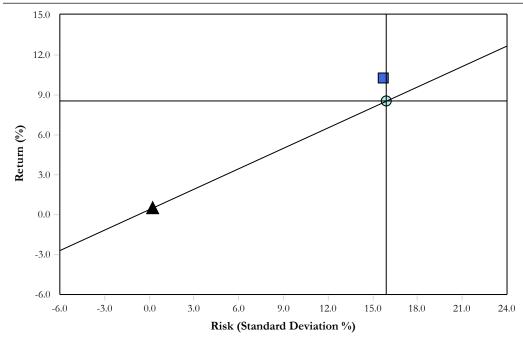
Since

Years Inception

Historic Asset Growth

	Current Quarter	Fiscal YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	7 Years	10 Years	Inception 04/01/2009
Harding Loevner - Intl Growth								
Beginning Market Value	1,534	1,470	1,467	1,105	783	582	336	143
Net Contributions	-	-	-55	-55	208	351	498	576
Fees/Expenses	-3	-6	-12	-31	-48	-60	-74	-81
Income	6	9	27	67	110	134	161	174
Gain/Loss	-165	-102	-55	286	319	365	451	559
Ending Market Value	1,372	1,372	1,372	1,372	1,372	1,372	1,372	1,372

Manager Risk & Return



- Harding Loevner International Growth
- MSCI AC World ex US Net
- ▲ 90-Day T-Bills

Modern Portfolio Statistics

	Return	Standard Deviation	Beta	Maximum Drawdown	Up Capture	Down Capture	Alpha	Sharpe Ratio	R-Squared	Inception Date
Harding Loevner - International Growth	10.27	15.66	0.95	-21.83	100.08	90.74	2.06	0.67	0.93	04/01/2009
MSCI AC World ex US Net	8.54	15.92	1.00	-24.30	100.00	100.00	0.00	0.56	1.00	04/01/2009



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BlackRock - Short Duration Fixed Income - Executive Summary

as of March 31, 2022

Manager Performance Chart 4.0 2.0 0.0 -4.0 -6.0 Fiscal 3 Since Current YTD Years Ouarter Year Years Years Inception

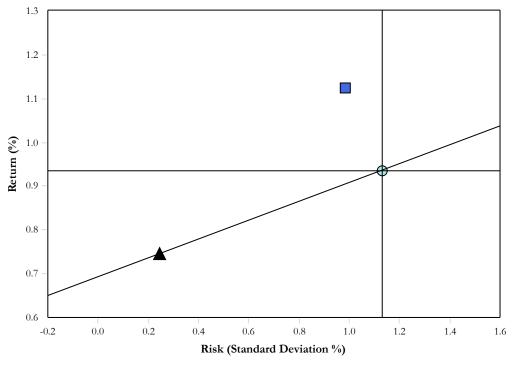
Manager Annualized Performance

	Current Quarter	Fiscal YTD					Inception 05/01/2014
BlackRock - Short Duration	-2.06	-2.52	-2.23	1.06	1.29	1.15	1.12
Marco Island Fixed Index	-2.34	-2.86	-2.84	0.89	1.08	0.93	0.94
Differences	0.28	0.34	0.61	0.17	0.21	0.22	0.18

Historic Asset Growth

	Current Quarter	Fiscal YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	7 Years	Inception 05/01/2014
BlackRock - Short Duration							
Beginning Market Value	8,295	8,348	8,351	5,142	5,049	5,879	5,059
Net Contributions	-	-	-	2,965	2,965	2,145	2,956
Fees/Expenses	-14	-28	-56	-147	-219	-306	-345
Income	36	80	171	497	700	863	920
Gain/Loss	-206	-290	-355	-347	-385	-470	-480
Ending Market Value	8,111	8,111	8,111	8,111	8,111	8,111	8,111

Manager Risk & Return



BlackRock - Short Duration

Marco Island Fixed Index

90-Day T-Bills

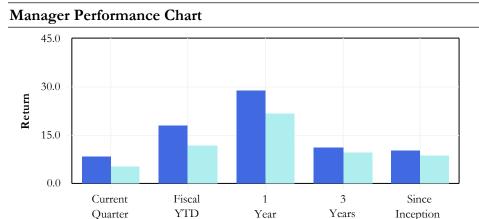
Modern Portfolio Statistics

	Return	Standard Deviation	Beta	Maximum Drawdown	Up Capture	Down Capture	Alpha	Sharpe Ratio	R-Squared	Inception Date
BlackRock - Short Duration	1.12	0.99	0.74	-2.84	102.64	83.38	0.43	0.42	0.71	05/01/2014
Marco Island Fixed Index	0.94	1.13	1.00	-2.96	100.00	100.00	0.00	0.19	1.00	05/01/2014



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American Core Realty - Private Real Estate - Executive Summary as of March 31, 2022



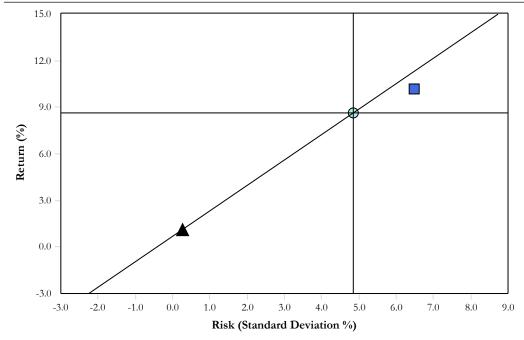
Manager Annualized Performance

	Current Quarter	Fiscal YTD			Inception 07/01/2017
American Core Realty - Private Real Estate	8.51	18.12	28.91	11.29	10.16
NCREIF Property Idx	5.33	11.81	21.88	9.61	8.62
Differences	3.18	6.31	7.03	1.68	1.54

Historic Asset Growth

	Current Quarter	Fiscal YTD	1 Year	3 Years	Inception 07/01/2017
American Core Realty - Private Real Estate					
Beginning Market Value	2,441	2,264	1,848	1,879	300
Net Contributions	-15	-28	221	122	1,544
Fees/Expenses	-10	-19	-35	-92	-135
Income	-	-	-	-	-
Gain/Loss	207	406	589	714	915
Ending Market Value	2,624	2,624	2,624	2,624	2,624

Manager Risk & Return



- American Core Realty Private Real Estate
- O NCREIF Property Idx
- ▲ 90-Day T-Bills

Modern Portfolio Statistics

	Return	Standard Deviation	Beta	Maximum Drawdown	Up Capture	Down Capture	Alpha	Sharpe Ratio	R-Squared	Inception Date
American Core Realty - Private Real Estate	10.16	6.47	1.29	-2.09	117.98	125.05	-0.93	1.35	0.93	07/01/2017
NCREIF Property Idx	8.62	4.85	1.00	-0.99	100.00	100.00	0.00	1.49	1.00	07/01/2017



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City of Marco Island Firefighters' Pension Plan Updated Values As of May 3, 2022

	Value	% of Total	Current Policy Target	Current Policy Range	Fiscal YTD Return Since 9/30/2021 Dollar Weighted (Net)
BlackRock - Large Cap Value	\$4,914,759	17.15%	15.00%	12.50 - 17.50%	2.1%
Clearbridge - Large Cap Growth	\$4,017,765	14.02%	15.00%	12.50 - 17.50%	-15.9%
Connors - Large Cap Core	\$3,039,721	10.61%	10.00%	7.50 - 12.50%	0.6%
Anchor - Mid Cap Value	\$1,776,256	6.20%	5.00%	2.50 - 7.50%	-2.2%
Allspring - SMID Cap Growth	\$1,077,472	3.76%	5.00%	2.50 - 7.50%	-33.0%
Cambiar - International Value	\$1,232,757	4.30%	5.00%	2.50 - 7.50%	-14.2%
Harding Loevner - International Growth	\$1,255,662	4.38%	5.00%	2.50 - 7.50%	-14.6%
Total Equity	\$17,314,393	60.41%	60.00%	60.00 - 65.00%	
BlackRock - Short Duration	\$8,043,593	28.07%	30.00%	25.00 - 35.00%	-3.7%
American Core Realty - Private Real Estate*	\$2,623,561	9.15%	10.00%	0.00 - 12.50%	17.2%
Deposit & Disbursement	\$678,232	2.37%			0.0%
Total Fund	\$28,659,780	100.00%			-4.8%

^{*}Market value as of 3/31/2022

Dollar-Weighted Returns

The investment policy monitor is calculated on a dollar-weighted basis, accounting for deposits and cash flows upon receipt. The dollar-weighted or "internal rate of return - IRR" is the actual rate earned by the Fund. The dollar-weighted return is the appropriate measurement to evaluate the fund's performance in relation to the statement of investment policy and guidelines.

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Compliance Checklist

as of March 31, 2022

GUIDELINES	In Compliance	
Equity Portfolio		
Listed on recognized exchange	Yes	
Single issue not to exceed 10% at market value for each equity in each separately managed portfolio	Yes	
Single issue not to exceed 5% at market value for the total portfolio	Yes	
Foreign equities < 25% of total portfolio at market	Yes	
No scrutinized companies (Sudan/Iran) held per		
Protecting Florida's Investments Act requirement	Yes	
Fixed Income Portfolio		
U.S. Government / Agency or U.S. Corporations	Yes	
Bonds rated "A" or better	Yes*	
Single corporate issuer not exceed 10% of bond portfolio (except U.S. Government/Agency)	Yes	
*One holding has a split rating		

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Billing Summary

as of March 31, 2022

BlackRock - Large Ca	ap Value								745-124822
Date Billed	Market Value	<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>	\$ GC Fee	% Annl. GC Fee	\$ Mgr. Fee	% Annl. Mgr. Fee	\$ Total Fee	% Annl. Total Fee
3/7/2022	\$5,078,147.98	3/1/2022	3/31/2022	\$0.00	0.00%	\$1,207.63	0.28%	\$1,207.63	0.28%
2/7/2022	\$5,108,161.70	2/1/2022	2/28/2022	\$0.00	0.00%	\$1,097.21	0.28%	\$1,097.21	0.28%
1/7/2022	\$5,080,452.21	1/1/2022	3/31/2022	\$5,557.94	0.44%	\$0.00	0.00%	\$5,557.94	0.44%
1/7/2022	\$5,080,452.21	1/1/2022	1/31/2022	\$0.00	0.00%	\$1,208.17	0.28%	\$1,208.17	0.28%
				\$5,557.94		\$3,513.01		\$9,070.95	
Clearbridge - Large C	ap Growth								745-125733
Date Billed	Market Value	<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>	\$ GC Fee	% Annl. GC Fee	\$ Mgr. Fee	% Annl. Mgr. Fee	\$ Total Fee	% Annl. Total Fee
3/7/2022	\$4,462,128.69	3/1/2022	3/31/2022	\$0.00	0.00%	\$1,061.13	0.28%	\$1,061.13	0.28%
2/7/2022	\$4,731,215.51	2/1/2022	2/28/2022	\$0.00	0.00%	\$1,016.24	0.28%	\$1,016.24	0.28%
1/7/2022	\$5,215,425.11	1/1/2022	3/31/2022	\$5,705.60	0.44%	\$0.00	0.00%	\$5,705.60	0.44%
1/7/2022	\$5,215,425.11	1/1/2022	1/31/2022	\$0.00	0.00%	\$1,240.27	0.28%	\$1,240.27	0.28%
				\$5,705.60		\$3,317.64		\$9,023.24	
Connors - Large Cap	Core								745-040995
Date Billed	Market Value	<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>	\$ GC Fee	% Annl. GC Fee	\$ Mgr. Fee	% Annl. Mgr. Fee	\$ Total Fee	% Annl. Total Fee
3/3/2022	\$3,292,671.46	10/1/2021	12/31/2021	\$0.00	0.00%	\$2,469.50	0.30%	\$2,469.50	0.30%
1/7/2022	\$3,294,500.36	1/1/2022	3/31/2022	\$3,604.14	0.44%	\$0.00	0.00%	\$3,604.14	0.44%
				\$3,604.14		\$2,469.50		\$6,073.64	
Anchor - Mid Cap Val	ue								745-125484
Date Billed	Market Value	<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>	\$ GC Fee	% Annl. GC Fee	\$ Mgr. Fee	% Annl. Mgr. Fee	\$ Total Fee	% Annl. Total Fee
3/7/2022	\$1,815,837.17	3/1/2022	3/31/2022	\$0.00	0.00%	\$462.67	0.30%	\$462.67	0.30%
2/7/2022	\$1,815,828.68	2/1/2022	2/28/2022	\$0.00	0.00%	\$417.89	0.30%	\$417.89	0.30%
1/7/2022	\$1,951,331.31	1/1/2022	3/31/2022	\$2,134.73	0.44%	\$0.00	0.00%	\$2,134.73	0.44%
1/7/2022	\$1,951,331.31	1/1/2022	1/31/2022	\$0.00	0.00%	\$497.19	0.30%	\$497.19	0.30%
				\$2,134.73		\$1,377.75		\$3,512.48	
Allspring - SMID Cap	Growth								745-125485
Date Billed	Market Value	<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>	\$ GC Fee	% Annl. GC Fee	\$ Mgr. Fee	% Annl. Mgr. Fee	\$ Total Fee	% Annl. Total Fee
3/7/2022	\$1,243,347.07	3/1/2022	3/31/2022	\$0.00	0.00%	\$422.40	0.40%	\$422.40	0.40%
2/7/2022	\$1,256,343.77	2/1/2022	2/28/2022	\$0.00	0.00%	\$385.51	0.40%	\$385.51	0.40%
1/7/2022	\$1,537,989.87	1/1/2022	3/31/2022	\$1,682.54	0.44%	\$0.00	0.00%	\$1,682.54	0.44%
1/7/2022	\$1,537,989.87	1/1/2022	1/31/2022	\$0.00	0.00%	\$522.50	0.40%	\$522.50	0.40%
				\$1,682.54		\$1,330.41		\$3,012.95	

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Billing Summary

as of March 31, 2022

Cambiar - Internation	al Value								745-124824
Date Billed	Market Value	<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>	\$ GC Fee	% Annl. GC Fee	\$ Mgr. Fee	% Annl. Mgr. Fee	\$ Total Fee	% Annl. Total Fee
3/7/2022	\$1,322,198.74	3/1/2022	3/31/2022	\$0.00	0.00%	\$393.04	0.35%	\$393.04	0.35%
2/7/2022	\$1,373,695.62	2/1/2022	2/28/2022	\$0.00	0.00%	\$368.83	0.35%	\$368.83	0.35%
1/7/2022	\$1,424,367.47	1/1/2022	3/31/2022	\$1,558.24	0.44%	\$0.00	0.00%	\$1,558.24	0.44%
1/7/2022	\$1,424,367.47	1/1/2022	1/31/2022	\$0.00	0.00%	\$423.41	0.35%	\$423.41	0.35%
				\$1,558.24		\$1,185.28		\$2,743.52	
Harding Loevner - Into	ernational Growtl	า							745-125573
Date Billed	Market Value	<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>	\$ GC Fee	% Annl. GC Fee	\$ Mgr. Fee	% Annl. Mgr. Fee	\$ Total Fee	% Annl. Total Fee
3/7/2022	\$1,361,908.38	3/1/2022	3/31/2022	\$0.00	0.00%	\$404.84	0.35%	\$404.84	0.35%
2/7/2022	\$1,446,514.98	2/1/2022	2/28/2022	\$0.00	0.00%	\$388.38	0.35%	\$388.38	0.35%
1/7/2022	\$1,532,002.90	1/1/2022	3/31/2022	\$1,675.99	0.44%	\$0.00	0.00%	\$1,675.99	0.44%
1/7/2022	\$1,532,002.90	1/1/2022	1/31/2022	\$0.00	0.00%	\$455.40	0.35%	\$455.40	0.35%
				\$1,675.99		\$1,248.62		\$2,924.61	
BlackRock - Short Du									745-125053
Date Billed	Market Value	<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>	\$ GC Fee	% Annl. GC Fee	\$ Mgr. Fee	% Annl. Mgr. Fee	\$ Total Fee	% Annl. Total Fee
3/7/2022	\$8,198,182.59	3/1/2022	3/31/2022	\$0.00	0.00%	\$1,531.82	0.22%	\$1,531.82	0.22%
2/7/2022	\$8,229,232.08	2/1/2022	2/28/2022	\$0.00	0.00%	\$1,388.82	0.22%	\$1,388.82	0.22%
1/7/2022	\$8,294,765.21	1/1/2022	3/31/2022	\$9,074.36	0.44%	\$0.00	0.00%	\$9,074.36	0.44%
1/7/2022	\$8,294,765.21	1/1/2022	1/31/2022	\$0.00	0.00%	\$1,549.87	0.22%	\$1,549.87	0.22%
				\$9,074.36		\$4,470.51		\$13,544.87	
American Core Realty	/ - Private Real Es	state							745-055181
Date Billed	Market Value	<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>	\$ GC Fee	% Annl. GC Fee	\$ Mgr. Fee	% Annl. Mgr. Fee	\$ Total Fee	% Annl. Total Fee
3/31/2022	\$2,441,354.87	1/1/2022	3/31/2022	\$0.00	0.00%	\$7,281.93	1.21%	\$7,281.93	1.21%
1/7/2022	\$2,264,409.85	1/1/2022	3/31/2022	\$2,477.23	0.44%	\$0.00	0.00%	\$2,477.23	0.44%
				\$2,477.23		\$7,281.93		\$9,759.16	
Total - All Managers									
Date Billed	Market Value	<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>	\$ GC Fee	% Annl. GC Fee	\$ Mgr. Fee	% Annl. Mgr. Fee	\$ Total Fee	% Annl. Total Fee
3/31/2022	\$2,441,354.87	1/1/2022	3/31/2022	\$0.00	0.00%	\$7,281.93	1.21%	\$7,281.93	1.21%
	\$23,481,750.62	3/1/2022	3/31/2022	\$0.00	0.00%	\$5,483.53	0.27%	\$5,483.53	0.27%
3/3/2022	\$3,292,671.46	10/1/2021	12/31/2021	\$0.00	0.00%	\$2,469.50	0.30%	\$2,469.50	0.30%
	\$23,960,992.34	2/1/2022	2/28/2022	\$0.00	0.00%	\$5,062.88	0.28%	\$5,062.88	0.28%
	\$30,595,244.29	1/1/2022	3/31/2022	\$33,470.77	0.44%	\$0.00	0.00%	\$33,470.77	0.44%
1/7/2022	\$25,036,334.08	1/1/2022	1/31/2022	\$0.00	0.00%	\$5,896.81	0.28%	\$5,896.81	0.28%
				\$33,470.77		\$26,194.65		\$59,665.42	

The prices, quotes, or statistics contained herein have been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, however, its accuracy cannot be guaranteed. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. $\begin{array}{c} Graystone \\ Consulting^{\text{\tiny SM}} \end{array}$

Policy Index History As of March 31, 2022

Policy Index	Weight (%)	Policy Index	Weight (%)		
Jan-2002		Jul-2017			
BC Agg Intm Tr	40.00	ML Tsy 1-3 Yr - G1O2	30.00		
Russell 1000 Gr	25.00	Russell 1000 Gr	7.50		
Russell 1000 Value	25.00	Russell 1000 Value	15.00		
MSCI EAFE Net	5.00	Russell 3000 Gr	7.50		
MSCI AC World ex US Net	5.00	MSCI AC World ex US Net	10.00		
0		Russell 2500 GR	5.00		
Oct-2008	40.00	Russell Midcap Value	5.00		
BC Agg Intm Tr	40.00	60% S&P / 40% CBOE	10.00		
Russell 1000 Gr	20.00	NCREIF Property Idx	10.00		
Russell 1000 Value	20.00				
MSCI EAFE Net	2.50	Dec-2017			
MSCI AC World ex US Net	7.50	ML Tsy 1-3 Yr - G1O2	30.00		
Russell 2500 GR	5.00	Russell 1000 Gr	0.00		
Russell 2500 VL	5.00	Russell 1000 Value	15.00		
Apr-2014		Russell 3000 Gr	15.00		
-	E0.00	MSCI AC World ex US Net	10.00		
ML Tsy 1-3 Yr - G1O2 Russell 1000 Gr	50.00 5.00	Russell 2500 GR	5.00		
Russell 1000 Gr	10.00	Russell Midcap Value	5.00		
		60% S&P / 40% CBOE	10.00		
Russell 3000 Gr	5.00	NCREIF Property Idx	10.00		
MSCI AC World ex US Net Russell 2500 GR	10.00	S 2019			
	5.00	Sep-2018	20.00		
Russell 2500 VL	5.00	ML Tsy 1-3 Yr - G1O2	30.00		
60% S&P / 40% CBOE	10.00	Russell 1000 Gr	15.00		
Mar-2016		Russell 1000 Value	15.00		
ML Tsy 1-3 Yr - G1O2	35.00	MSCI EAFE Net	5.00		
Russell 1000 Gr	8.75	MSCI AC World ex US Net	5.00		
Russell 1000 Value	17.50	Russell 2500 GR	5.00		
Russell 3000 Gr	8.75	Russell Midcap Value	5.00		
MSCI AC World ex US Net	10.00	60% S&P / 40% CBOE	10.00		
Russell 2500 GR	5.00	NCREIF Property Idx	10.00		
Russell Midcap Value	5.00				
60% S&P / 40% CBOE	10.00				

The prices, quotes, or statistics contained herein have been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, however, its accuracy cannot be guaranteed. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results.



Performance Appendix

Performance Data below is net of fees. Please see the Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC Form ADV Part 2 Brochure for advisory accounts and/or any applicable brokerage account trade confirmation statements for a full disclosure of the applicable charges, fees and expenses. Your Financial Advisor will provide those documents to you upon request.

			1	3	5	10	Since	Inception
Account Name	QTD	YTD	Year	Years	Years	Years	Inception	Date
Allspring - SMID Cap Growth	-18.49	-18.49	-17.22	12.40	13.71	11.99	11.75	09/16/2008
American Core Realty - Private Real Estate	8.09	8.09	26.91	9.59			8.15	06/28/2017
Anchor - Mid Cap Value	-4.29	-4.29	5.88	9.23	8.98	8.18	8.50	09/16/2008
BlackRock - Large Cap Value	0.92	0.92	10.48	13.28	10.84	10.21	6.87	12/11/2001
BlackRock - Short Duration	-2.22	-2.22	-2.88	0.37	0.59	0.18	1.71	03/23/2004
Cambiar - International Value	-7.43	-7.43	-7.72	1.48	1.07	2.91	3.65	12/11/2001
Cash	0.00	0.00	0.02	15.01	9.30	4.57	3.17	12/01/2001
Clearbridge - Large Cap Growth	-11.72	-11.72	7.63	17.48	14.41	14.03	14.00	02/24/2010
Connors - Large Cap Core	-3.16	-3.16	13.43	14.60	11.96		10.52	03/04/2014
Harding Loevner - International Growth	-10.58	-10.58	-3.07	8.76	7.12	6.31	9.34	03/16/2009

All performance above are Time Weighted(TWR) performance

Glossary of Terms

Active Contribution Return: The gain or loss percentage of an investment relative to the performance of the investment benchmark.

Active Exposure: The percentage difference in weight of the portfolio compared to its policy benchmark.

Active Return: Arithmetic difference between the manager's return and the benchmark's return over a specified time period.

Actual Correlation: A measure of the correlation (linear dependence) between two variables X and Y, with a value between +1 and -1 inclusive. This is also referred to as coefficient of correlation.

Alpha: A measure of a portfolio's time weighted return in excess of the market's return, both adjusted for risk. A positive alpha indicates that the portfolio outperformed the market on a risk-adjusted basis, and a negative alpha indicates the portfolio did worse than the market.

Best Quarter: The highest quarterly return for a certain time period.

Beta: A measure of the sensitivity of a portfolio's time weighted return (net of fees) against that of the market. A beta greater than 1.00 indicates volatility greater than the market.

Consistency: The percentage of quarters that a product achieved a rate of return higher than that of its benchmark. The higher the consistency figure, the more value a manager has contributed to the product's performance.

Core: Refers to an investment strategy mandate that is blend of growth and value styles without a pronounced tilt toward either style.

Cumulative Selection Return (Cumulative Return): Cumulative investment performance over a specified period of time.

Distribution Rate: The most recent distribution paid, annualized, and then divided by the current market price. Distribution rate may consist of investment income, short-term capital gains, long-term capital gains, and/or return of capital.

Down Market Capture: The ratio of average portfolio returns over the benchmark during periods of negative benchmark return. Lower values indicate better product performance.

Downside Risk: A measure similar to standard deviation, but focuses only on the negative movements of the return series. It is calculated by taking the standard deviation of the negative quarterly set of returns. The higher the value, the more risk the product has.

Downside Semi Deviation: A statistical calculation that measures the volatility of returns below a minimum acceptable return. This return measure isolates the negative portion of volatility: the larger the number, the greater the volatility.

Drawdown: A drawdown is the peak-to-trough decline during a specific period of an investment, fund or commodity.

Excess over Benchmark: The percentage gain or loss of an investment relative to the investment's benchmark.

Excess Return: Arithmetic difference between the manager's return and the risk-free return over a specified time period.

Growth: A diversified investment strategy which includes investment selections that have capital appreciation as the primary goal, with little or no dividend payouts. These strategies can include reinvestment in expansion, acquisitions, and/or research and development opportunities.

Growth of Dollar: The aggregate amount an investment has gained or lost over a certain time period, also referred to as Cumulative Return, stated in terms of the amount to which an initial dollar investment would have grown over the given time period.

Investment Decision Process (IDP): A model for structuring the investment process and implementing the correct attribution methodologies. The IDP includes every decision made concerning the division of the assets under management over the various asset categories. To analyze each decision's contribution to the total return, a modeling approach must measure the marginal value of every individual decision. In this respect, the hierarchy of the decisions becomes very important. We therefore use the IDP model, which serves as a proper foundation for registering the decisions and relating them to each other.

Information Ratio: Measured by dividing the active rate of return by the tracking error. The higher the Information Ratio, the more value-added contribution by the manager.

Jensen's Alpha: The Jensen's alpha measure is a risk-adjusted performance measure that represents the average return on a portfolio or investment above or below that predicted by the capital asset pricing model (CAPM) given the portfolio's or investment's beta and the average market return. This metric is also commonly referred to as alpha..

Kurtosis: A statistical measure that is used to describe the distribution, or skewness, of observed data around the mean, sometimes referred to as the volatility of volatility.

Maximum Drawdown: The drawdown is defined as the percent retrenchment from a fund's peak to the fund's trough value. It is in effect from the time the fund's retrenchment begins until a new fund high is reached. The maximum drawdown encompasses both the period from the fund's peak to the fund's valley (length), and the time from the fund's valley to a new fund high (recovery). It measures the largest percentage drawdown that has occurred in any fund's data record.

Modern Portfolio Theory (MPT): An investment analysis theory on how risk-averse investors can construct portfolios to optimize or maximize expected return based on a given level of market risk, emphasizing that risk is an inherent part of higher reward.

Mutual Fund (MF): An investment program funded by shareholders that trade in diversified holdings and is professionally managed.

Peer Group: A combination of funds that share the same investment style combined as a group for comparison purposes.

Peer/ Plan Sponsor Universe: A combination of asset pools of total plan investments by specific sponsor and plan types for comparison purposes.

Performance Ineligible Assets: Performance returns are not calculated for certain assets because accurate valuations and transaction data for these assets are not processed or maintained by us. Common examples of these include life insurance, some annuities and some assets held externally.

Performance Statistics: A generic term for various measures of investment performance measurement terms.

Portfolio Characteristics: A generic term for various measures of investment portfolio characteristics.

Preferred Return: A term used in the private equity (PE) world, and also referred to as a "Hurdle Rate." It refers to the threshold return that the limited partners of a private equity fund must receive, prior to the PE firm receiving its carried interest or "carry."

Ratio of Cumulative Wealth: A defined ratio of the Cumulative Return of the portfolio divided by the Cumulative Return of the benchmark for a certain time period.

Regression Based Analysis: A statistical process for estimating the relationships among variables. It includes many techniques for modeling and analyzing several variables, when the focus is on the relationship between a dependent variable and one or more independent variables

Residual Correlation: Within returns-based style analysis, residual correlation refers to the portion of a strategy's return pattern that cannot be explained by its correlation to the asset-class benchmarks to which it is being compared.

Return: A rate of investment performance for the specified period.

Rolling Percentile Ranking: A measure of an investment portfolio's ranking versus a peer group for a specific rolling time period (i.e. Last 3 Years, Last 5 years, etc.).

R-Squared: The percentage of a portfolio's performance explained by the behavior of the appropriate benchmark. High R-Squared means a higher correlation of the portfolio's performance to the appropriate benchmark.

SA/CF (Separate Account/Comingled Fund): Represents an acronym for Separate Account and Commingled Fund investment vehicles.

Sector Benchmark: A market index that serves as a proxy for a sector within an asset class.

Sharpe Ratio: Represents the excess rate of return over the risk free return divided by the standard deviation of the excess return. The result is the absolute rate of return per unit of risk. The higher the value, the better the product's historical risk-adjusted performance results in.

Standard Deviation: A statistical measure of the range of a portfolio's performance; the variability of a return around its average return over a specified time period.

Total Fund Benchmark: The policy benchmark for a complete asset pool that could consist of multiple investment mandates.

Total Fund Composite: The aggregate of multiple portfolios within an asset pool or household.

Tracking Error: A measure of standard deviation for a portfolio's investment performance, relative to the performance of an appropriate market benchmark.

Treynor Ratio: A ratio that divides the excess return (above the risk free rate) by the portfolio's beta to arrive at a unified measure of risk adjusted return. It is generally used to rank portfolios, funds and benchmarks. A higher ratio is indicative of higher returns per unit of market risk. This measurement can help determine if the portfolio is reaching its goal of increasing returns while managing market risk.

Up Market Capture: The ratio of average portfolio returns over the benchmark during periods of positive benchmark return. Higher values indicate better product performance.

Upside Semi Deviation: A statistical calculation that measures the volatility of returns above an acceptable

return. This return measure isolates the positive portion of volatility: the larger the number, the greater the volatility.

Value: A diversified investment strategy that includes investment selections which tend to trade at a lower price relative to its dividends, earnings, and sales. Common attributes are stocks that include high dividend, low price-to-book ratio, and/or low price-to-earnings ratio.

Worst Quarter: The lowest rolling quarterly return for a certain time period.

Information Disclosures

Performance results are annualized for time periods greater than one year and include all cash and cash equivalents, realized and unrealized capital gains and losses, and dividends, interest and income. The investment results depicted herein represent historical performance. As a result of recent market activity, current performance may vary from the figures shown. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results.

Please see the Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC Form ADV Part 2 Brochure for advisory accounts and/or any applicable brokerage account trade confirmation statements for a full disclosure of the applicable charges, fees and expenses. Your Financial Advisor will provide those documents to you upon request.

Benchmark indices and blends included in this material are for informational purposes only, are provided solely as a comparison tool and may not reflect the underlying composition and/or investment objective(s) associated with the account(s). Indices are unmanaged and not available for direct investment. Index returns do not take into account fees or other charges. Such fees and charges would reduce performance.

The performance data shown reflects past performance, which does not guarantee future results. Investment return and principal will fluctuate so that an investor's shares when redeemed may be worth more or less than original cost. Please note, current performance may be higher or lower than the performance data shown. For up to date month-end performance information, please contact your Financial Advisor or visit the funds' company website.

Investors should carefully consider the fund's investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses before investing. The prospectus and, if available the summary prospectus, contains this and other information that should be read carefully before investing. Investors should review the information in the prospectus carefully. To obtain a prospectus, please contact your Financial Advisor or visit the funds' company website.

Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Investing involves market risk, including possible loss of principal. **Growth investing** does not guarantee a profit or eliminate risk. The stocks of these companies can have relatively high valuations. Because of these high valuations, an investment in a growth stock can be more risky than an investment in a company with more modest growth expectations. **Value investing** involves the risk that the market may not recognize that securities are undervalued and they may not appreciate as anticipated. **Small and mid-capitalization companies** may lack the financial resources, product diversification and competitive strengths of larger companies. The securities of small capitalization companies may not trade as readily as, and be subject to higher volatility than those of larger, more established companies. **Bond funds** and bond holdings have the

same interest rate, inflation and credit risks that are associated with the underlying bonds owned by the funds. The return of principal in bond funds, and in funds with significant bond holdings, is not guaranteed. International securities' prices may carry additional risks, including foreign economic, political, monetary and/or legal factors, changing currency exchange rates, foreign taxes and differences in financial and accounting standards. International investing may not be for everyone. These risks may be magnified in emerging markets. Alternative investments, including private equity funds, real estate funds, hedge funds, managed futures funds, and funds of hedge funds, private equity, and managed futures funds, are speculative and entail significant risks that can include losses due to leveraging or\other speculative investment practices, lack of liquidity, volatility of returns, restrictions on transferring interests in a fund, potential lack of diversification, absence and/or delay of information regarding valuations and pricing, complex tax structures and delays in tax reporting, less regulation and higher fees than mutual funds and risks associated with the operations, personnel and processes of the advisor. Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs) are limited partnerships or limited liability companies that are taxed as partnerships and whose interests (limited partnership units or limited liability company units) are traded on securities exchanges like shares of common stock. Currently, most MLPs operate in the energy, natural resources or real estate sectors. Investments in MLP interests are subject to the risks generally applicable to companies in the energy and natural resources sectors, including commodity pricing risk, supply and demand risk, depletion risk and exploration risk; and MLP interests in the real estate sector are subject to special risks, including interest rate and property value fluctuations, as well as risks related to general and economic conditions. Because of their narrow focus, MLPs maintain exposure to price volatility of commodities and/or underlying assets and tend to be more volatile than investments that diversify across many sectors and companies. MLPs are also subject to additional risks including: investors having limited control and rights to vote on matters affecting the MLP, limited access to capital, cash flow risk, lack of liquidity, dilution risk, conflict of interests, and limited call rights related to acquisitions.

Mortgage backed securities also involve prepayment risk, in that faster or slower prepayments than expected on underlying mortgage loans can dramatically alter the yield-to-maturity of a mortgage-backed security and prepayment risk includes the possibility that a fund may invest the proceeds at generally lower interest rates.

Tax managed funds may not meet their objective of being tax-efficient.

Real estate investments are subject to special risks, including interest rate and property value fluctuations, as well as risks related to general and economic conditions. High yield fixed income securities, also known as "junk bonds", are considered speculative, involve greater risk of default and tend to be more volatile than investment grade fixed income securities.

Credit quality is a measure of a bond issuer's creditworthiness, or ability to repay interest and principal to bondholders in a timely manner. The credit ratings shown are based on security rating as provided by Standard & Poor's, Moody's and/or Fitch, as applicable. Credit ratings are issued by the rating agencies for the underlying securities in the fund and not the fund itself, and the credit quality of the securities in the fund does not represent the stability or safety of the fund. Credit ratings shown range from AAA, being the highest, to D, being the lowest based on S&P and Fitch's classification (the equivalent of Aaa and C, respectively, by Moody(s). Ratings of BBB or higher by S&P and Fitch (Baa or higher by Moody's) are considered to be investment grade-quality securities. If two or more of the agencies have assigned different ratings to a security, the highest rating is applied. Securities that are not rated by all three agencies are listed as "NR".

"Alpha tilt strategies comprise a core holding of stocks that mimic a benchmark type index such as the S&P 500 to which additional securities are added to help tilt the fund toward potentially outperforming the market in an effort to enhance overall investment returns. Tilt strategies are subject to significant timing

risk and could potentially expose investors to extended periods of underperformance."

Custom Account Index: The Custom Account Index is an investment benchmark based on your historical target allocations and/or manager selection that you may use to evaluate the performance of your account. The Custom Account index does take into consideration certain changes that may have occurred in your portfolio since the inception of your account, i.e., asset class and/or manager changes. However, in some circumstances, it may not be an appropriate benchmark for use with your specific account composition. For detailed report of the historical composition of this blend please contact your Financial Advisor.

Peer Groups

Peer Groups are a collection of similar investment strategies that essentially group investment products that share the same investment approach. Peer Groups are used for comparison purposes to compare and illustrate a clients investment portfolio versus its peer across various quantitative metrics like performance and risk. Peer Group comparison is conceptually another form of benchmark comparison whereby the actual investment can be ranked versus its peer across various quantitative metrics.

All Peer Group data are provided by Investment Metrics, LLC.

The URL below provides all the definitions and methodology about the various Peer Groups

https://www.invmetrics.com/style-peer-groups

Peer Group Ranking Methodology

A percentile rank denotes the value of a product in which a certain percent of observations fall within a peer group. The range of percentile rankings is between 1 and 100, where 1 represents a high statistical value and 100 represents a low statistical value.

The 30th percentile, for example, is the value in which 30% of the highest observations may be found, the 65th percentile is the value in which 65% of the highest observations may be found, and so on.

Percentile rankings are calculated based on a normalized distribution ranging from 1 to 100 for all products in each peer group, where a ranking of 1 denotes a high statistical value and a ranking of 100 denotes a low statistical value. It is important to note that the same ranking methodology applies to all statistics, implying that a ranking of 1 will always mean highest value across all statistics.

For example, consider a risk/return assessment using standard deviation as a measure of risk. A percentile ranking equal to 1 for return denotes highest return, whereas a percentile ranking of 1 for standard deviation denotes highest risk among peers.

In addition, values may be used to demonstrate quartile rankings. For example, the third quartile is also known as the 75th percentile, and the median is the 50th percentile.

Alternatives

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Traditional alternative investment vehicles are illiquid and usually are not valued daily. The estimated valuation provided will be as of the most recent date available and will be included in summaries of your assets. Such valuation may not be the most recent provided by the fund in which you are invested. No representation is made that the valuation is a market value or that the interest could be liquidated at this value. We are not required to take any action with respect to your investment unless valid instructions are received from you in a timely manner. Some positions reflected herein may not represent interests in the fund, but rather redemption proceeds withheld by the issuer pending final valuations which are not subject to the investment performance of the fund and may or may not accrue interest for the length of the withholding. Morgan Stanley does not engage in an independent valuation of your alternative investment assets. Morgan Stanley provides periodic information to you including the market value of an alternative investment vehicle based on information received from the management entity of the alternative investment vehicle or another service provider.

Traditional alternative investment vehicles often are speculative and include a high degree of risk. . Investors should carefully review and consider potential risks before investing. Certain of these risks may include but are not limited to:• Loss of all or a substantial portion of the investment due to leveraging, short-selling, or other speculative practices;• Lack of liquidity in that there may be no secondary market for a fund;• Volatility of returns;• Restrictions on transferring interests in a fund;• Potential lack of diversification and resulting higher risk due to concentration of trading authority when a single advisor is utilized;• Absence of information regarding valuations and pricing;• Complex tax structures and delays in tax

reporting; Less regulation and higher fees than mutual funds; and Risks associated with the operations, personnel, and processes of the manager. As a diversified global financial services firm, Morgan Stanley Wealth Management engages in a broad spectrum of activities including financial advisory services, investment management activities, sponsoring and managing private investment funds, engaging in broker-dealer transactions and principal securities, commodities and foreign exchange transactions, research publication, and other activities. In the ordinary course of its business, Morgan Stanley Wealth Management therefore engages in activities where Morgan Stanley Wealth Management's interests may conflict with the interests of its clients, including the private investment funds it manages. Morgan Stanley Wealth Management can give no assurance that conflicts of interest will be resolved in favor of its clients or any such fund.

Indices are unmanaged and investors cannot directly invest in them. Composite index results are shown for illustrative purposes and do not represent the performance of a specific investment. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Actual results may vary. Diversification does not assure a profit or protect against loss in a declining market. Any performance or related information presented has not been adjusted to reflect the impact of the additional fees paid to a placement agent by an investor (for Morgan Stanley placement clients, a one-time upfront Placement Fee of up to 3%, and for Morgan Stanley investment advisory clients, an annual advisory fee of up to 2.5%), which would result in a substantial reduction in the returns if such fees were incorporated.

For most investment advisory clients, the program account will be charged an asset-based wrap fee every quarter ("the Fee"). In general, the Fee covers investment advisory services and reporting. In addition to the Fee, clients will pay the fees and expenses of any funds in which their account is invested. Fund fees and expenses are charged directly to the pool of assets the fund invests in and impact the valuations. Clients must understand that these fees and expenses are an additional cost and will not be included in the Fee amount in the account statements.

As fees are deducted quarterly, the compounding effect will be to increase the impact of the fees by an amount directly related to the gross account performance. For example, for an account with an initial value of \$100,000 and a 2.5% annual fee, if the gross performance is 5% per year over a three year period, the compounding effect of the fees will result in a net annual compound rate of return of approximately 2.40% per year over a three year period, and the total value of the client's portfolio at the end of the three year period would be approximately \$115,762.50 without the fees and \$107,372.63 with the fees. Please see the applicable Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC Form ADV Part 2A for more information including a description of the fee schedule. It is available at www.morganstanley.com/ADV http://www.morganstanley.com/ADV http://www.morganstanley.co

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Money Market Funds

You could lose money in Money Market Funds. Although MMFs classified as government funds (i.e., MMFs that invest 99.5% of total assets in cash and/or securities backed by the U.S government) and retail funds (i.e., MMFs open to natural person investors only) seek to preserve value at \$1.00 per share, they

cannot guarantee they will do so. The price of other MMFs will fluctuate and when you sell shares they may be worth more or less than originally paid. MMFs may impose a fee upon sale or temporarily suspend sales if liquidity falls below required minimums. During suspensions, shares would not be available for purchases, withdrawals, check writing or ATM debits. A MMF investment is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or other government agency.